The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY OCTOBER 15, 1908. NO 41.

WHEN YOU WANT TO

Open a Bank Account Have a Check Cashed
Borrow Money, or Make an Investment

CALL ON THE OLD RELIABLE—

The Farmers National Bank
OF BLOOMSBURG.

Capital, $60.000 Surplus $100,000

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

J. L. Moyer N. U. Funk C. M. Creveling C. A. Kleim
W. L. White C. W. Runyon Dr. J. J. Brown M. Milleisen

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Is directly identified with the Farming, Mercantile and Manufacturing interests of this community, and with its ample Capital and Surplus, Conservative Directorate, Progressive Management and convenient location, is equipped to Satisfactorily Handle New Accounts and to accord them that same courteous attention which has been a vital factor in its Steadfast and Continuous Growth.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier. A. Z. Schoch, President.

TOWNSEND'S
FALL SHOWINGS
IN ALL LINES OF
CLOTHING.

There are some of the Most Beautiful styles and patterns this season that we have ever seen.

Come in and look over the models.

This store is full of the season's styles and you will be surprised how cheap you can buy here.

TOWNSEND'S
CORNER.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered on record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Berwick Savings and Trust Co., guardian of William S. Neal, of town to Louisa McPherson, part of lot No. 23 on the north side of East Third street.

Louise McPherson to Warren B. Johnson and Beulah H. Johnson, hif wife, lot on north side of East Third street.

John M. Clark, receiver, to John T. Tracy and A. W. Sharpless, receivers' deed for the property of the Steam Heating Co., on Sixth street.

Berwick Land and Improvement Co. to C. W. Cadwallader, lot No. 142 in borough of West Berwick.

John M. Fairchild to George W. Cadwallader lot No. 137 in Fairchild's addition to the borough of West Berwick.

J. M. Buckalew, executor of Perry Buckalew, to J. M. Buckalew, Jr., property in Fishing Creek township, containing 43 acres.

J. M. Buckalew, executor of estate of Perry M. Buckalew, Jr., property in Fishing Creek township containing 47 acres.

John Jameson and Sarah E. Jameson, his wife, in right of said wife, Andrew L. Fritz and Dora, his wife, Miles B. Weed and Mary E., his wife to B. D. Cole, small strip of land in the southeast portion of Jamison City.

Kenstanty Kinsel et al. to Peter Bednarcyky for 38 acres and 64 perches of land in Franklin township.

Wm. B. Hess and wife to Robert Ernest for 15 acres and 6 perches of land situate in Jackson township.

J. B. McHenry and wife to Ernest C. Hartman for 68 acres and 137 perches of land situate in Benton township.

Frank Ikeler and wife, Fred Ikeler and wife, Alvin S. Ikeler and wife, Elijah Ikeler and wife and Harvey I. Gingles and wife to George L. Johnson for 14 acres and 2 perches of land situate in Mt. Pleasant township.

C. W. Miller and wife to M. T. Ohl for lot No. 2 situate on Ninth street West of Dieffenbach's private road in the town of Bloomsburg.

M. T. Ohl and wife to C. W. Miller for a lot of ground in the town of Bloomsburg.

C. W. Miller and wife to M. T. Ohl for a house and lot of ground on Ninth street, in the town of Bloomsburg.

Elmira Everett, executrix of H. F. Everett, deceased, to Anna R. Kramer for a lot of ground in the borough of Benton.

Elmira Everett, executrix of H. F. Everett, deceased, to Jennie M. McHenry for a lot of ground in the borough of Benton.

George Hess and wife to Rolandus Conner for lots of ground in Center township.

W. E. Dieterick and wife to The School District of Scott township for a lot of ground in Espy.

To the Endeavorers of Columbia and Montour Counties.

You are herewith tendered a hearty invitation to attend the coming C. E. convention at Benton, Pa., October 22 and 23, 1908.

It is a great deal of pleasure to announce that Mr. A. J. Shartle, of Reading, Pa., the newly appointed Field Secretary, of Pennsylvania will be in attendance and take some part on the program. His wide practical experience, his fire, enthusiasm, and great love for Endeavor work will stimulate all to greater effort who come in touch with him at the convention.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

On Friday last, October 9th, 1908, it was one hundred years since Judge William Elwell was born.

On July 31st, 1888, he resigned from the Bench after a service of nearly twenty six years.

Thirteen years ago today, October 15th, 1895, he died, after an illness of nearly eight years.

Though more than twenty years have passed since he left the Bench, the memory of his admirable qualities as a jurist and as a man, are still green and it is a source of much gratification to his living relatives to hear him still so frequently mentioned in terms of admiration and respect. Truly, in his case there is a contradiction of Shakespeare's statement that

"The evil that men do lives after them.
The good is oft interred with their bones."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. W. Tyson, of Mainville, and Miss Anna M. Bradley, of Eyersgrove.

Ralph Knouse, of Benton, and Miss Anna Dewald, of Fairmount Springs.

Homer Beaver and Miss Clara Hoffman, of Roaring Creek.

Miles Lucas, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Miss Violet Savitts, of Bloomsburg.

Charles Barnes and Mrs. Catherine Behney Smith, both of Centralia.

William Clinton Rauch, of Fowlerville, and Benton Elizabeth Miller, of Berwick.

Josiah T. McKenzie and Miss Ruth Spear, both of Center township.

Lloyd Gensil and Mrs. Elmira Whitenight, both of Lime Ridge.

BRYAN AND KERN CLUB.

The Bryan and Kern Club will hold a Democratic meeting in the Court House on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, when addresses will be made by Hon. Charles J. Reilly of Williamsport, one of the best campaign speakers in the state, and Hon. W. T. Creasy, our candidate for Assembly. A general invitation is extended to all, and ladies are especially idvited.

Another meeting will be held next week, Thursday.

K. G. E. AT CHURCH.

Theta Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, was represented by one hundred and twenty-five members who attended service at the Reformed church last Sunday morning. They listened to an excellent sermon by Rev. J. D. Thomas, the pastor.

VETERANS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Columbia County Veterans' Association will be held at the time of the dedication of the monument, whenever that will be.

MEETING AT JAMISON CITY.

A Democratic meeting will be held at Jamison City next Tuesday, and will be addressed by prominent speakers.

Home from Abroad.

Dr. and Mrs. D. J. Waller and daughter reached home last Saturday night, having landed in New York that morning. The Doctor is fully recovered, and has resumed his duties as principal of the Normal School.

THE MONUMENT COMING.

Market Square is again a scene of activity. A New York firm is on hand to erect the Soldiers' Monument, and the derrick is in place. A tool shanty adorns the corner near the post office, and guy ropes run in every direction.

When any work of that kind is going on, it is astonishing to see how many men there are in town who have nothing else to do but watch it.

The monument is expected any time now, and when it arrives its erection will be rapidly pushed.

RECENT DEATHS.

Alfred Kisner of Orangeville died at his home on Sunday, aged 66 years.

Mrs. Martha Crawford died at her home on West Third street on Monday evening, aged 87 years.

Surviving her are the following children: Mrs. Henry Cotterman, Mrs. William Giger, Mrs. Franklin Rhodomoyer and Miss Rozetta Crawford, all of Bloomsburg. Her brothers and sisters have all preceded her to the grave.

MONUMENT COMMITTEE.

Commander E. E. Bittenbender of Ent Post called a meeting of all veterans of Columbia county at their hall, October 8th, at which time officers were elected. J. C. Eves of Millville Post was elected president, M. P. Lutz, secretary, and William Thomas, treasurer. A motion was made to call the committee Columbia County Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument Association, with power to arrange a program and do other business that may come before them, to promote the success of the exercises at the unveiling of the monument.

ATHLETICS VS. BROOKLYN.

A large crowd witnessed the game of base ball between the Athletics of Philadelphia and the Brooklyn team, on Athletic Field at the Normal last Monday afternoon.

It took but an hour to play the game, and was devoid of excitement. The score was 4 to 1, in favor of the Athletics.

EX-JUDGE BUCHER ILL.

Ex-Judge Joseph C. Bucher, of Lewisburg, has been in declining health for several years, although able to be around until a couple of weeks ago, since which time he has been confined to bed. He is suffering from a complication of diseases, which at his age, seventy-five years, precludes hope of his recovery.

GONE TO SYNOD.

Rev. Dr. Thomas of the Reformed Church is in Lock Haven attending the Eastern Synod of that church. He is a delegate from the Wyoming Classis. The Synod meets annually.

W. R. RINGROSE INJURED.

While assisting in handling a part of a slate vault at Rosemont Cemetery, W. R. Ringrose had his leg injured by the piece falling on it. He is compelled to use crutches.

Democratic Meeting.

A Democratic meeting was held at Bendertown last Saturday evening. A large audience listened to good speeches by Hon. John G. McHenry and Hon. W. T. Creasy.

CLERGY PASS RESOLUTIONS.

A meeting of the ministers of this town and vicinity was held Monday and the following resolutions in relation to the attractions at the Fair were adopted:

WHEREAS, The officers of the Columbia County Agricultural Society made earnest attempts to conduct a morally, clean and educational exhibition at their annual fair recently held in Bloomsburg, and

WHEREAS, Notwithstanding their vigilance some exhibitions crept in that bordered on the indelicate, not to say indecent, be it therefore

Resolved, That we the members of the Ministerium of Bloomsburg and vicinity, beg leave to commend the action of the association in closing some disreputable exhibitions, and we would respectfully suggest that at all future annual exhibitions no shows known as "Dancing Girls" shall be exhibited from the grounds, and that in accordance with Rule 15 of the association, no gambling or game of chance of any kind be admitted upon or in the vicinity of the fair ground.

Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Secretary of the association.

The ministers present at the meeting were: Rev. G. H. Hemingway, Revs. E. R. Heckman, J. E. Byers, G. R. Smith, M. S. Jones, J. D. Thomas, E. B. Bailey, W. R. Whitney, of town, and the Revs. Biggs and Fox of Espy.

900,000 PATENTS ISSUED IN U. S.

The nine hundred thousandth patent from the United States patent office was issued Saturday, and to it was attached the name of Patent Commissioner Moore. The patent was an improvement on traveling stairs, such as are used in hotels and other large buildings, and while Mr. Moore ordinarily attaches his last name with his initials, he signalized the attainment of the nine hundred thousandth by using his full name of Edward Bruce Moore.

In the early history of the nation the law required that patents should be signed by the president and as the first one was issued during the first presidential administration, it was signed by President Washington. It covered a device for making pearl ashes, and the document itself is said to be now owned by a Chicago collector.

Mr. Moore estimates that the one millionth patent will be reached in the year 1911. As going to show the inventive tendency of the American mind as compared with other countries, Mr. Moore calls attention to the fact that notwithstanding this is among the newest nations, and is one among many, the total of patents issued by the United States is not very far below the total for all other countries for all time. The issuance of foreign patents up to the date of the last report was 1,135,000 or only 235,000 in excess of the total for this country.

TEACHERS' MEETING.

There will be two sessions of the county teachers' meeting in the Court House on Saturday. Addresses will be made by Superintendent David A. Harman of Hazleton, and Supt. W. W. Evans. "What is a well governed school" will be discussed by the teachers.

John Sherman of Jamison City captured a black bear in a trap last Thursday night.

PUBLIC HIGHWAYS

Grange Inaugurating a Campaign of Education.

Extract from an address by ex-Governor Bachelder, delivered before the National Grange: "At the last annual meeting you endorsed the recommendation made in my address that the Grange inaugurate a campaign of education, having for its object the enactment of legislation by Congress providing for a federal appropriation of $50,000,000, to be divided into five annual appropriations of $10,000,000 each, to be expended for the improvement of the public highways. These recommendations not only received your endorsement, but you instructed your legislative committee to take the necessary steps to inaugurate such a campaign. Since the last meeting, your executive and the legislative committee have given close attention to the work of preparing for this campaign, and we are confident that the time has now arrived when the movement should be prosecuted vigorously, with the view of securing the necessary legislation at the present session of Congress, if possible. This your legislative committee has made every preparation to do, and I recommend that you take such action before you adjourn as will show that it has the united support of the order in this important matter. The demands of the Grange are both reasonable and just, and we may expect prompt action on the part of Congress if members of the order generally impress their senators and representatives with the fact that they are in earnest. The roads of the United States have too long been a reproach and byword among the nations. The Grange is determined that this must be ended, and we should not cease in our efforts until the federal, state and municipal governments are cooperating in the work of making the American roads the finest in the world.

PAPER MILL WILL RESUME.

It is said that the purchasers of the Catawissa Paper Mill property have decided not to dismantle it, but will put it in operation. This will give employment to quite a number of people.

Hon. W. T. Creasy Delivers Address

Before the Bryan and Kern Club Last Night Discussed the Issues.

Hon. William T. Creasy delivered an address before the Bryan and Kern Club of Danville last Friday night. The club room was well filled on the occasion.

The address was one of Mr. Creasy's characteristic efforts, earnest and forceful, one that held the close attention of those present. He kept the floor for about an hour, discussing the issues of the campaign as viewed from the Democratic standpoint.

The Bryan and Kern Club of Danville is increasing very rapidly in membership. A banner has been stretched across Mill street in front of the rooms, containing the portraits of the candidates for president and vice president.

Queer Way of Joking.

There have been several reports of alleged attempts by burglars to enter houses in town. Some of the cases have proved to be only "jokes" played by friends of the parties. When somebody gets shot while playing one of these very funny "jokes", it will not be so exquisitely amusing.

Illustrated Lecture.

Rev. Dr. S. U. Mitman of South Bethlehem, will give an illustrated lecture on his recent tour in Europe, at the Normal School on November 4th, for the benefit of the two Christian Associations. Dr. Mitman is chaplain of Lehigh University.

Led the Singing.

Rev. E. B. Bailey had charge of the music at the meeting of the Christian Endeavor of the East Pennsylvania Conference held at Sunbury this week.

Attended First Fair.

Col. John G. Freeze is among those of our residents who attended the first fair ever held in Bloomsburg in 1858.

MYSTERIES OF HISTORY

There Are Many Points That Need Clearing Up.

WHERE IS NAUO SAHIB?

Few Questions Have been More Debated Than the Location of the Wonderful Treasure Land of Ophir—Extraordinary Disappearance of the Ten Tribes—Lost Atlantis.

Dr. Carl Peters has been explor- the wonderful mines left by some cient race in Mashonaland. Here huge shafts of disused gold mines, great walls of gigantic stones, and hills terraced for irrigation, hundreds of feet up the valleys. The German explorer declares that this is the original land of Ophir, whence came the treasures of the temple at Jerusalem, and no less an authority than Rider Haggard shares the same view.

Few questions have been more debated than the location of this treasure land. Many who are well qualified to judge, put the land of Ophir in India. A resident in the Wynaad in Southern India, recently wrote to a London morning paper saying that he emphatically differed from Dr. Peters. Having washed gold in the rivers, dug silver on its hills, hunted elephants in its forests, and captured apes and peacocks in the same locality, he was perfectly certain of the identity of the Wynaad with Solomon's land of Ophir.

The lost continent of Atlantis has been held to be the location of the Garden of Eden. Atlantis in itself is one of the greatest mysteries known to the historian. Every race that lives around the Mediterranean held the belief that somewhere to the west of the Pillars of Hercules (Gibraltar) there existed a vast island in the ocean. Plato mentions it as having been engulfed by the waves nine thousand years before his time. The extraordinary similarity between the remains found in the peninsula of Yucatan in Central America, with those so well known in Egypt lends weight to the tradition. It is supposed that both the Egyptians and the ancient people which preceded the Aztecs of Mexico were descended from a race which once inhabited Atlantis.

Geological researches prove that ch an Atlantic continent did once ually exist, and that the canary nds are its remains. But the ologists say that this continent rished in Tertiary times, and can- ot, therefore, been the home of civi- zed man. It is possible that fresh dredging in the bottom of the Atlantic on the site of the lost continent may throw more light on the vexed question, upon which there already exists over a dozen different volumes. Although it is probably certain that the Tower of Babel stood somewhere near the present ruins of the city of Babylon, its actual site is quite uncertain. Some say it is the Birs Nimroud, a great pile whose remains still rise 150 feet aobve the plain. Sir Henry Rawlinson found that this consisted of seven stages of brickwork, all of different colors. Others put the tower at Amran, some ten miles away; and there are two or three other possible sites.

Britain has her mysteries. Who built that silent stone circle at Stonehenge is one of them. Its origin has been attributed to the Belgae, the Phoenicians, the Druids, the Danes and the Saxons. Some have said that it was erected to commemorate the treacherous murder of the British chiefs by Hengist. It has been called a temple of the Sun, a shrine of Buddha, a center of serpent worship, and a calendar in stone. Lord Avebury assigns it to the bronze age. Recent searches go to prove its age is enormous. Long before Solomon's temple was built it is probable that the double circle of Sarsen stones stood dim and silent in the center of Salisbury Plain, a monument to some forgotten chieftain whose name and race perished thousands of years ago.

Arthur's Seat, Arthur's Oven, and Arthur's Head commemorate the name of one whom we are fond of considering the first of our great British monarchs. But did King Arthur ever exist at all is a question that has lately been troubling the heads of historians and antiquarians.

The Saxon chronicle, however, never mentions him at all. He is claimed as a prince by countries so far apart as Cornwall, Brittany, Wales, Cumberland and the lowlands of Scotland. The stories of the Round Table, of the wizard Merlin, are romances pure and simple. It seems very likely that Arthur, too, was a mere legendary personage.

To come down to more recent times no one has ever solved the mystery of the disappearance of Nana Sahib. This cruel scoundrel was the instigator of the horrible massacres of English women and children. He escaped into Nepaul. There it has been said that he was killed by a mutineer. But nothing is known for certain about his end, and less than ten years ago it was said that, at the age of over seventy, he was still alive, leading a hermit-like existence in a little hill village far up on the edges of little known Thibet.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, C. B. ENT, High Sheriff of Columbia County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in the said county of Columbia, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1908,

(being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month) for the purpose of electing the several persons hereafter named:

Thirty-four persons for Presidential Electors.

One person for Judge of the Superior Court.

One person for Representative in Congress for the Sixteenth Congressional District.

One person for Representative in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

One person for Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts.

One person for Register and Recorder.

One person for District Attorney.

One person for County Treasurer.

Three persons for County Commissioners.

Three persons for County Auditors.

One person for Mine Inspector.

The qualified voters of Columbia county are hereby authorized and required to vote by ballot printed, written, or partly printed and partly written, for such of the following named persons as they see fit:

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.

REPUBLICAN.
For President and Vice President
TAFT AND SHERMAN
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Benjamin Franklin Jones, Jr.
Morris Lewis Clothier,
John Burt,
Howard Atlee Davis,
Frederick Taylor Chandler,
Ellis A. Gimbel,
George Jay Elliott,
Edward Wagner Patton,
George Christian Hetzel,
Joseph deBenneville Abbott,
John Watts Baer Bausman,
Reese Albert Phillips,
Theodore Leonard Newell,
John Isett Mathias,
Adam Henry Miller,
William John McCabe,
George Wallace Williams,
David Jewett Waller, Jr.
William Strode Settle,
Robert Christman Neal,
Jacob Croyle Stineman,
Thomas Shipley,
William Frederick Reynolds,
Andrew White McCullough,
John Timothy Rogers,
Edward League Dawes,
Jerome Francis Downing.
Herman Simon,
Theophilus Lowry Wilson,
Perry Clifford Ross,
Oscar Schulze,
Oscar Holmes Babcock,
Alexander Roland Peacock,
Homer David Williams,

DEMOCRATIC.
For President and Vice President
BRYAN AND KERN
[Mark 34]

Joseph P. McCullen,
Albert J. Barr,
Daniel F. Carlin,
Edward B. Seiberlich,
Aaron G. Krause,
Clarence Loeb,
James T. Nulty,
Michael J. Howard,
John C. Ferron,
John Howard Danenhower,
Louis N. Spencer,
Alexander W. Dickson,
John T. Flannery,
Oliver Perry Bechtel,
Harry D. Schaeffer,
Charles A. McCarty,
John Franklin Stone,
John I. Welsh,
Cyrus C. Gelwicks,
George Derr Krause,
Samuel M. Hoyer,
Henry Wasbers,
J. Hawley Baird,
John K. Holland,
John F. Pauley,
Howard S Marshall,
Robert X. Brown,
Howard Mutchler,
William Lewis Neal,
Fred A. Shaw,
Henry Meyer,
Wesley S. Guffey,
Dennis J. Boyle,
Casper P. Mayer,

PROHIBITION.
For President and Vice President
CHAFIN AND WATKINS
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Elisha Kent Kane,
John Duff Gill
John B. Heston,
Francis Magee
Samuel K. Felton,
Irving Woods Huckins,
Roland M. Eavenson,
Jonas K. Schultz,
Charles L. Huston,
Howard Leopold,
Daniel S. Von Neida,
Wm. H. Richmond,
W. B. Bertels,
William H. Malerry,
John Peter Schneller,
Justus F. Warner,
James Mansel,
Franklin P. Johnson,
Jeremiah S. Yaukey,
Silas C. Swallow,
John L. Edwards,
Cyrus S. Griest,
A. McAlpin,
Lewis Cass Wick,
John O. Stoner,
Milton S. Marquis,
Isaac Monderau,
George F. Kline,
W. G. Freeman,
Edwin J. Fithian.
James P. Knox,
Knox C. Hill,
Robert S. Glass,
Thomas P. Herschberger.

SOCIALIST.
For President and Vice President
DEBS AND HANFORD
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Edward J. Cook,
Edward J. Higgins,
George Fitch,
Robert M. Green,
R. Barclay Spicer,
George Nau,
John Zellhorn,
August Mahieu,
Martin J. Flyzik,
William C. Price,
Charles Herwegh,
George Lodge,
Charles O. Alter,
Henry Peter,
Emil Guwang,
Joseph M. Achhammer,
Percy Vize
Fred W. Whiteside,
Martin J. Brennen,
George Davies,
Jerome F. Buck,
Jesse W. Green,
Andrew Hunter,
Cornelius F. Foley,
George W. Guthrie,
Angus McRae,
Arthur J. Dennis,
Frederick G. Rother,
E. Howard Deal,
Daniel K. Young,
Julius Weber,
Thomas Thatcher,
Simon Libros,
Howard P. Hunter.

INDEPENDENCE
For President and Vice President
HISGEN AND GRAVES.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

John L. Barrett,
William Boughter,
Robert G. Cathcart, Jr.
Charles B. Connolly,
Joseph M. Crouch,
John P. Correll,
William F. Craig, Jr.
Edwin B. Depuy,
Thomas Dolan,
Herman L. Duhring, Jr.
Theodore Eichhorn,
James A. Fulton,
James P. Gaffney,
Jesse Willis Galbreath,
William J. Griffith,
John L. Harding,
Samuel M. Heiligman,
George F. Hildebrand,
Edmund W. Kirby,
John W. Lafferty,
William La Fontaine,
Owen E. Lally,
George V. McDonald,
Edward J. Maher,
James Frederick Martin,
Newell, H. Motsinger,
Joseph F. O'Neal,
Stanley J. Oram,
Wheeler H. Phelps,
John A. Phillips,
Robert Miles Robinson,
Silas Edgar Trout,
Samuel F. Wheeler,
William H. White,

SOCIALIST LABOR.
For President and Vice President
GILHAUS AND MUNRO
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Herman Spittal,
J. G. Gardner,
L. M. Laepple,
John Drugmand,
W. H. Thomas,
Thos. Wielding,
Amido Mori
August Clever,
George Pearse.
Grant Hughes.
George Snyder,
Otto Marowsky,
Chas. Rupp,
L. B. Barhydt,
J. A. McConnell,
Jas. A. Gray,
P. H. Grunagle,
Arthur Losey,
W. I. Marshall,
Wm. Peak,
Fred. Uhl,
Wm. Cowan,
Wm. Crum,
P. Rowan,
Wm. Staley,
Peter Auiler,
Ernest Hildebrandt,
James Clark,
Wm. Hughes,
Chas. A. New,
George Staley,
John Handlors,
Geo. Ohls,
Chas. Durner.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.
(Mark one)

William D. Porter,	Republican
Webster Grim,	Democratic
Daniel Sturgeon,	Prohibition
Thomas H. Kennedy,	Socialist
Luther S. Kauffman,	Independence

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS.
(Mark one)

Edmund W. Samuel	Republican
John G. McHenry	Democratic

REPRESENTATIVE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
(Mark one)

C. E. Kreischer	Republican
W. T. Creasy	Democratic
W. W. Skerry	Prohibition

PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS.
(Mark one)

Clarence M. Yocum,	Republican
Freeze Quick,	Democratic
Edward A Doty,	Prohibition

REGISTER AND RECORDER.
(Mark one)

John A. Fortner,	Republican
Frank W. Miller,	Democratic
Edward Buck,	Prohibition

COUNTY TREASURER.
(Mark one)

Jacob L. Wolverton,	Republican
John Mourey,	Democratic
M. P. Lutz,	Prohibition

COUNTY AUDITORS.
(Mark two)

W. W. Shannon,	Republican
Harry B. Creasy, C. L. Hirleman,	Democratic.
F. B. Hartman,	Prohibition

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
(Mark one)

Lewis C. Mensch,	Republican
Christian A. Small,	Democratic
C. A. Small,	Prohibition

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
(Mark two)

C. Fred. Lenhart,	Republican
Elisha Ringrose,	Republican
Jerry A. Hess,	Democratic
Charles L. Pohe.	Democratic

MINE INSPECTOR.
(Mark one)

James A. O'Donnell,	Democratic

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Columbia are as follows, viz

Beaver township, at the public house of John Ertwine.

Benton Borough, at the Town Hall in the Borough of Benton.

Benton township, at the grist mill of Edwards Bros.

Berwick, N. E., at the Defender Fire Company Hall on 6th street in the Borough of Berwick.

Berwick, S. E., at the easterly side of the public building on Second St., between Market and Mulberry streets, in the Borough of Berwick.

Berwick, N. W., at the band room of Harry Grozier, on the easterly side of the alley between Third and Jackson streets, in the Borough of Berwick.

Berwick, S. W., at the westerly side of the public building on Second street, between Market and Mulberry streets, in the Borough of Berwick.

Bloom, 1st Precinct, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

Bloom, 2nd Precinct, at the store building northeast corner West and Fifth Sts., Bloomsburg.

Bloom, 3rd Precinct, at the Town Hall, in Bloomsburg.

Bloom, 4th Precinct, at the Rescue Hose House, East Fifth street, Bloomsburg.

Briarcreek Eastat the Jessup Street school house

Briarcreek West at the Martz school house.

Briarcreek South, at the school house in the village of Briarcreek.

Catawissa Borough. In Town Hall, Third Street, above Main.

Catawissa township, in the public house of J. W. Adams.

Centralia, 1st Ward, at the public house of Thomas Madden, in Centralia.

Centralia, 2nd Ward, at the public house of Anthony T Conway, in Centralia.

Centre township north, at the public school house, near Lafayette Creasy's.

Centre township south, at F. O. S. of A. Hall, Lime Ridge.

Cleveland Twp., at Centre school house.

Conyngham, East North district, at the house of Mrs. John Pursell.

Conyngham, west north, at the public house of Daniel Roach, Montana.

Conyngham, S. E. district, at the public house of Thomas Mohan.

Conyngham, Southwest, at the public house of Chas. H. Horbach, in Locustdale.

Conyngham, West District, No. 1, at Midvalley school house.

Conyngham, west district, No. 2, at the public school house in said district.

E. Fishingcreek, at the house of John Wenner, at Bendertown.

W. Fishingcreek, at the Savage school house.

Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.

Greenwood, East, at the house of Henry S. Thomas, in Rohrsburg.

Greenwood, West, at the shop of Samuel Miller, in Greenwood.

Hemlock North at the barber shop of G. W. Hartman, in the town of Buckhorn.

Hemlock, South, at the storehouse of Mrs. G. B. Hosler in the village of Pernville.

Jackson township, at the house of Elvira Hirleman, in Jackson.

Locust township south, at the public house of Yeager & Son, in Numidia.

Locust township north, at Yeager's Hotel, in the village of Roaringcreek.

Madison township, at the public house of A. M. Harvey, in Jerseytown.

Main township, at the public house of William Fenstermacher, in Mainville.

Mifflin township, at the public house of Clymer M. Creasy, in Mifflinville.

Millville Borough, at the public house of Mrs. Heller, in Millville.

Montour township, at the public house of R. B Latshaw, at Rupert.

Mt. Pleasant township, at the election house of Robert C. Howell.

Orangeville Boro, at the public house of Hiram Shaffer, in Orangeville.

Orange township, at the Bowman grist mill in said township.

N. Pine, at the house of William H. Lyons.

S. Pine, at the house of Elijah Shoemaker.

Roaringcreek township, at the house of Albert Leiby.

Scott, East, at Odd Fellows' Hall, in Espy.

Scott, West, at the P. O. S. of A. Building, in Lutzstreet.

Stillwater, at the store house of A. B. McHenry, in said borough.

North Sugarloaf, at the public house of Jacob Steen, in Central.

South Sugarloaf, at the old school house, at Cole's Creek.

West Berwick, 1st ward at the Town Hall in said borough.

West Berwick, 2nd ward, at Hutton's Livery Stable in said borough.

Polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and shall continue open, without interruption or adjournment, until seven o'clock p. m., when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and persons in the militia service of the State, who shall hold, or shall within two months have held, any office or appointment of profit or trust, under the United States, or of this state and city, or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding, or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of election officers.

The Inspectors and Judge of the election shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election, in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of those Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

C. B. ENT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Pa.,
October 12th, 1908.

Breaking the Steers.

During an Old Home Week celebration in a small town in New Hampshire there were present a learned judge from a Western city, a professor from Boston and a United States Senator. Grave and austere of manner, as became their age and honors, they addressed each other by the titles which belonged to their several stations. But they had been schoolmates, and when the Senator told a story of school-days the accumulated ice of forty years thawed in a burst of laughter; and they were John and Bill and Horace once more. The Delineator repeats one of their stories:

"Bill, do you remember breaking the steers?" laughed Horace.

"Now that's between you and me, Horace."

"No secrets here," said John. "Out with it!"

"One summer one of Bill's steers got mired in the swamp and was killed. Bill wasn't going to miss the fun of breaking the steers, so the next winter he yoked himself up with the one that was left. I met them coming down over the crust like Sam Hill. Bill yelled between gasps, 'Stop us! Stop us! We're running away! I cornered them in an angle of the wall. As soon as Bill got breath enough, he said, 'For goodness' sake, Horace, unyoke the other steer!'"

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A JAPANESE CITY.

Kioto, In the Land of the Mikado, Unique and Interesting.

Kioto, Japan, is a most interesting place, inasmuch as it is about the most Japanese of Japanese cities. The touch of the foreigner has not been felt there, as it has in many of the other places of the land of the Mikado.

On approaching the hotels you are met by Japanese servants who bow to the ground upon receiving you, and you are conducted to your apartment with a hundred other bows, as the servants in charge do all in their power to make you feel that your least word is to them a command to be joyously obeyed.

There are no glass windows in the Japanese house and when the weather is too chilly to permit of your being out on the veranda you feel sadly imprisoned, indeed, not being

JAPANESE MOTHER AND CHILD.

able to look from your apartments unless you break out a paper window pane, which, of course, would not be permissible.

One of the most interesting Japanese temples in Kioto is Gion Chiosiu, for it was the temple assigned to the foreign envoys when they made their first visit to the mikado in the year 1868. It is a fine building, surrounded by splendidly kept grounds, upon which are many smaller temples and houses for the priests. It was here that the Dutch envoys were kept when they were brought through the country to pay their annual tribute to the mikado for the privilege of trading with Japan. They were literally kept as prisoners and suffered all sorts of indignities. Before the mikado and his court—the empress and her ladies being secreted behind great screens—these poor Dutchmen were forced to dance and sing and "cut up capers," so to speak, by way of entertainment.

One rides through the narrow and picturesque streets of Kioto in a jinrikishas drawn by fleet-footed Japanese. These well-built, athletic fellows, can run ten hours on the stretch, and at the termination of the journey feel quite as unfatigued as the occupant (be he a foreigner) of the jinrikishas.

The Japanese are not fond of rain, and during a shower the streets are deserted by all who can put off going out under cloudy skies. Those who are obliged to wander forth in the rain go on high clogs, wear large paper hats and carry over them paper umbrellas.

Kioto boasts of the finest jugglers and theatres in the land. From here many of the greatest Japanese entertainers are produced for other Japanese cities, as well as for European countries and America.

The cooking at the hotels was found to be very well done and appetizing, and after one has become accustomed to the absence of highly seasoned and rich foods, such as one finds in England, France and America, the Japanese dinner is quite a relishable thing and always a nutritious one.

$500,000,000 FOR BRITISH NAVY.

Large Loan Planned to Meet Growing Competition Abroad.

London.—The British Government, says the Daily Telegraph, contemplates raising a large loan in view of the growing naval competition abroad. It is asserted that financiers of the highest standing have undertaken to find $500,000,000 on nominal terms to meet the necessities of the fleet for the next few years, without disorganizing the annual budgets or casting a heavy burden upon the present generation.

Noble Houses Are Dying Out.

Munich, Bavaria.—Professor von Gruber of the University of Munich, has collected some tell-tale statistics of the decline of noble and patrican families, which he secured by investigating the history of no less than twenty thousand German and Austrian noble houses. He has found that only 68 of the 70,000 families existed longer than 600 years.

"In England," he says, "but three of the ancient ducal houses survive, and only eleven of the old-time families of earls.

"In Sweden 76 per cent of the noble families have vanished from the face of the earth.

Potato Bug Parasite Discovered.

Presque Isle, Me.—Farmers in this region are rejoicing in the discovery by by Judge George H. Smith, of this village, a practical farmer, as well as a lawyer, of a parasite that seems to be exterminating the potato bugs. It is a green bug with a long lance which it thrusts half way through its victim.

America Leads in Cremation.

Paris, France.—America leads the world in cremation. Statistics issued by the French branch of the internatonal Society for the Propagation of Cremation show that last year the number of bodies incinerated in America numbered as many as those in Great Britain, France and Germany put together.

Every ingredient entering into the world-famed "Golden Medical Discovery" of Dr. Pierce, has the unanimous approval and endorsement of all the leading medical authorities of all the several schools of practice. No other medicine sold through druggists for like purposes has any such endorsement.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" not only produces all the good effects to be obtained from the use of Golden Seal root, in all stomach, liver and bowel troubles, as in dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, ulceration of stomach and bowels and kindred ailments, but the Golden Seal root used in its compounding is greatly enhanced in its curative action by other ingredients such as Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine.

"The Common Sense Medical Adviser," is sent free in paper covers on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only. For 31 stamps the cloth-bound volume will be sent. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, biliousness and headache.

PEACE ON THE RIO GRANDE

There Used to Be an Inquest Every Monday Morning.

BAD MEN NOW EXTINCT

The Industrial Invasion Has Swept the Six-Shooters Aside and Acts of Lawlessness Now Rarely Take Place—Cowboy Hats and "Chaps" Even Have Been Abandoned.

Peace, sweet peace, has settled down upon the lower Rio Grande border region. In this section, which in former days was the hotbed of Mexican revolutionists and American smugglers and the rendezvous of desperate Mexican and American thieving cutthroats, the industrial invasion has swept the six-shooters aside and acts of lawlessness now rarely take place. No one is better able to appreciate these changed conditions, says a Hidalgo correspondent of the St. Louis Globe Democrat, than John Closner, for the last sixteen years sheriff of Hidalgo county and for four years before his election as Sheriff a deputy sheriff.

For twenty years Sheriff Closner has been in close touch with the criminal element of the lower border. The building of a railroad into this section two years ago caused an exodus of the bad men, and since that time there have been but two terms of court held in this county. There has not been a criminal case on the court docket for more than a year. Alfalfa fields and irrigated farms now cover the region which was formerly a cactus covered desert and the hiding place for bandits.

"I remember one summer a few years ago," said Mr. Closner, "when there was an inquest every Monday morning for eleven consecutive weeks The inquests were not the results suits of accidents, although the verdict the jurors brought in when they met in the justice of the peace's office may have been to that effect. There hasn't been a killing for four or five years, and not an atrocious murder for many years."

Closner does not look like a person one would expect in a man who had been a sheriff on the border for sixteen years. Being Sheriff of Hidalgo county these days is only incidental with managing a large sugar plantation and looking after the care of 375 acres of alfalfa. The cowboy hat and chaps have been abandoned in Hidalgo county. The Sheriff of Hidalgo would be mistaken for a bank cashier or man of business.

"No, I never killed a man in my life," said Closner. "There was once, in 1892, I think it was, when it came nearly to the place where I had to kill or get killed. It was when Pancho Garcia and his band of Mexican outlaws were stealing and terrorizing along the American border. Several men had been killed by the reckless bandit. We learned where he made visits to a Mexican woman's house, and on a certain night when he was expected, I had two men stationed in the house where the woman lived. That same night Garcia and one companion held up and robbed a party of seven persons and tied them to mesquite trees. The travellers were relieved of their valuables and the horses were stripped of their saddles and bridles.

"'We don't want to hurt you,' Garcia said to them. 'All we want is what you've got, but there is one thing we are going to do. We are going to Hidalgo and kill the Sheriff and his deputy and the woman who has given us away.'

"Leaving the men tied Garcia and his companion went to the house where he had visited the woman. When he knocked at the door he was covered with a gun from a window and commanded to surrender. Replying that he never surrendered he started to run. Closner's deputies filled him with buckshot, killing him instantly.

"Pancho Garcia is the same bandit who made an appointment with the chief of police of Reynosa, just across the border one day to meet him in a lane not far out from the town. With a dozen picked men he went to the appointed spot. Garcia soon appeared, walked toward them, fired several times, wounded the chief of police and two of his men and got away before the officers ever got a shot at him.

"It may have been the same bandit who killed a tenderfoot. It seemed that a pedler in travelling through that part of the country had made the acquantance of the band, had learned of its methods and indignantly said he intended presenting what evidence he had before a Grand Jury. The pedler was taken out and literally cut to pieces and burned."

Alcohol.

There is no such thing as alcohol to be found in what may be called normal nature. Alcohol is the result of "fermented" (or rotted) nature. The possibilities of alcohol exist in a thousand things but men do not get drunk on "possibilities." They get drunk on the actual alcohol which they get from rotting the sweet and wholesome nature that God made.

BURMESE DOCTORS' SECRETS.

Cures for Cobra Bite and for Hydrophobia They Will Not Divulge.

Every one knows, of course, that the bite of the Indian cobra is fatal. But what Europeans do not actually know is whether or not the natives of India really possess the cures they claim to have both for cobra bite and for hydrophobia.

A few years ago an Indian civilian in Burmah strolled out with his gun in the evening. When scarcely a hundred yards from the zayat or shelter in which he was camping S—— was bitten in the leg by a cobra, which he promptly shot. He at once returned to the zayat and scrawled a pencil note to be carried by his orderly to his chief, the Deputy Commissioner, and then resigned himself to the attention of a couple of Burmese medicine men who happened to be passing the night there and to the death which he accepted as absolutely inevitable. Meantime his superior officer proceeded direct to headquarters on receipt of the news to seal up the unfortunate man's effects, after which he set out for the zayat to see to the burial of his subordinate.

On the road he met the "dead man" comfortably jogging along toward headquarters quite recovered. The Burmese medicine men had scarified the wound and rubbed a certain paste into it. They had also given the patient certain infusions to drink and had cured him. Nothing, however, would induce them to give away the secret.

Our own medicine men have many cures of hydrophobia to their credit, but cures of cobra bites are almost unknown. An English officer in the Shan States kept a number of dogs, one of which recently went mad and bit one of the Sahib's servants. The station was an isolated one. The services of a Shan doctor was called in and the servant, after passing through all the stages of the terrible disease, was absolutely and completely cured by the Shan doctor.

The English officer offered 1,000 rupees for the secret of the treatment used, and to a han this would, of course, be a large sum of money. But the secret was never divulged.

Hardly Negotiable

Stories have been told of buttons, tacks, and various extraneous substances found in contribution-boxes, but it is seldom that a church member strikes a blow so severe as was that delivered by Amos Budd of Potterville on one occasion.

It was at the close of a missionary sermon that Mr. Budd, whose wont it was to contribute ten cents to each of the charities to the support of which the church subscribed, was seen to take a blue slip from his pocket and look at it keenly and affectionately.

When after a slight but evident hesitation, he dropped the slip carefully folded, into the box, Deacon Lane, who was passing it, could hardly refrain from an exclamtion of joy.

"The Lord will bless you, Brother Budd," he said, when the sermon was over, hurrying down the aisle to overtake the prosperous grocer.

"I hope so," returned Mr. Budd, dryly, "but I'm afraid you cal'late on that being a check I dropped in the box. It wasn't. 'Twas a receipted bill for kerosene the church owed me last year, and it had been overlooked. Of course it's just the same as money, though, when you come to that."

Standard Oil in China.

The following translation of the advertisement of a Standard Oil lamp in China, will prove amusing:

If you wish happiness, long life, comfort, health and peace, you must live surrounded by brightness. To live in brightness you must use a "Mei-Fu" hong lamp (which is made on scientific principles) and burns real "Mei-Fu" oil. By using this small lamp and burning the best oil, the light given will be so bright that it will be like day. This will undoubtedly mean a great advantage. If your children are studying at night then they will be able to do so in comfort, and will take more interest in their studies.

Some may say, "If we buy this lamp and the chimney becomes broken we shall not be able to get a new one." We therefore wish to say that the Standard Oil Company, at every port will have supplies of chimneys to be sent to every city and town for sale. The Standard Oil Company has fixed the price at which shops may sell—each lamp, including chimney and wick, to be sold for not more than seventeen Mexican cents.

Earth and Ocean.

The superficial area of the globe is about one hundred and ninety-seven millions of square miles, some three-quarters of which, about one hundred and forty millions of square miles, is covered by sea. The average depth of this enormous extent of sea (reckoning in the various gulfs and bays) is about two thousand fathoms. The greatest depth is in the North Pacific Ocean, 4,575 fathoms, not quite five and a quarter miles.

Impossible.

It is difficult to understand how the young man with the turned up trousers and the striped hat band can be as foolish as he looks.

Poetry Worth Reading.

The Stampede

A forked flash of lightning, the bawling of a steer,
Ten thousand hoofs are trund'ring across the prairie near;
And dust clouds hang dun colored against the rain clouds drear.

The great horns clash like sabres, as heads are tossed on high;
The dusty desert trembles as the herd goes roaring by
With in the lead a cowboy who feareth not to die.

Now jaws are dripping slaver, and nostrils red with gore,
But slackened are the hoof beats; he cheers who rides before;
The herd will soon be milling—the run will soon be o'er.

Put now the pony stumbles where dangers ever lurk,
And in the day's faint dawning a form rests in the murk;
Another faithful servant who gave all to his work!

New York City: An Impression.

Modern epic of restless Occident life;
Symphony of revelry and strife;
Portrait of a vigorous young face,
Marked by the impress of each human race—,
Thy traffic machine rests nor day nor night,
A maker of questions with each hour's flight.
Thy passionate throbbing heart is never still;
Thou whippest the heels of Time up eternity's hill.

E. K. B.

The Spy.

This is the silent fortress of her heart;
I came unbidden and the gate's ajar.
How was it I, who'd never played the part.
In Love's disguise could penetrate so far?

Repentance grips me as I steal away;
Oh, 'tis a very dastard's game I've played!
Better, a traitor to my cause, to stay
And live forever the sweet masquerade.

The Sea's Call.

The heave of a deck and a wide blue track,
That rises to meet the sky,
The belching of smoke from her funnels black,
And spray that is leaping high.
The edge of the world that looms afar,
A half moon, ghostly, white—
The salt sea smell and the bright Pole star,
And the winds of a tropic night.

A sky with the storm clouds bending low,
And her bow with a coat of fleck—
The waves, foam capped, that break and throw
The spume on her slanting deck.
The glare in the hold when the stokers feed,
A cheer from her lusty crew;
A cry from the old man: "Give her speed!"—
And the beat of her throbbing screw.

Oh, these are the things, the ocean's lure,
That creep in a sailor's veins—
Aye, steal in his heart and soul as sure
As the sunlight follows rains.
And I am one of the deep sea's brood,
A child that has gone astray,
But I hear her call, and she's understood—
And I shall return some day!

Freda.

Life doesn't seem the same to us
Since Freda went away.
We talk about it every night
And also every day.
The kitchen seems a cheerless place;
We hate to turn the knob
And look into that lonesome waste,
Since Freda yoomped her yob.

We miss our Freda dreadfully,
In fact for her we pine.
Her English was distressing, but
Her breakfast rolls were fine.
And now we sit and think of her,
And in our throats a sob
Of sorrow rises at the thought
That Freda yoomped her yob.

She won't come back. She's married now.
She thinks she's better off.
Perhaps she is—at any rate,
It does no good to scoff
But every time we think of her
Our sad hearts give a throb.
It makes a difference in our house
Since Freda yoomped her yob.

The Seventh Hell—Al Hawiyat.

Weary the lot of those who sit
In the High Places of the earth;
Of those who blow on knots, that it
May cross the moment of man's birth;
But wearier still the Hypocrite.

For him the Hosts of Eblis tread
Through Al Hawiyat, and his cant
By Mordad shall be weighed and read,
Unto the measure of an ant;
Of fire and blood shall be his bed.

Deep in the Seventh Hell lies he;
And bitter fruit shall be his fare.
From Al Zakkum, the devil's Tree;
Dijinni shall gibe at his despair,
And Tacwins mock his agony.

"The Philadelphia Record" Actively Supports Bryan

A Presidential contest that will undoubtedly be waged with unwonted vigor on both sides of the line dividing the great national parties is now in full swing. Politics will be the principal topic of discussion wherever men congregate until the claims of the rival candidates shall be settled at the ballot-box in November. It goes without saying that accurate information of all the important moves on the campaign chess-board will be indispensable to every wide-awake voter.

Democrats turn naturally to "The Philadelphia Record" for such information. It is the only Democratic newspaper in Philadelphia recognized the country over as one of the leading exponents of Democratic opinion on this edge of the Continent. It is fair, though partisan; it chronicles the telling blow, no matter who is hit. Suppression and misrepresentation are weapons that have no place in its armory. "Square deal" Democrats and Republicans will find the daily budget of "The Record" essential to an intelligent understanding of the progress of a lively Presidential canvass.

No newspaper ever achieved popularity on the strength of its political attitude alone. "The Philadelphia Record" is no exception to the rule. It is lifted above the common level by many distinctive features that appeal to the varied interests of every member of the household. It prints the news—all the news—in a concise, brisk form that has come to be known, even among its contemporaries, as "Record style." A proper sense of perspective dictates its thorough presentation of happenings in its own immediate field—Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland. Its editorial treatment of the questions of the day is at once well-balanced and aggressive.

"The Philadelphia Record" exploits no fads and rides no hobbies, but it is preeminent in its special departments. It is the recognized authority in the field of sports and the turf. Farmers and shippers swear by its market reports, which are always complete, accurate and wholly reliable. To the practical man its columns of popularized science are entertaining and helpful; the practical woman finds the matters that lie nearest to her heart treated amply—**and sanely**—in a department devoted to the home, dress and the world of feminine achievement. There is a corner in "The Record" for boys and girls; a weekly column of condensed, up-to-date information for the farmer; a daily bouquet of breezy anecdotes—"The Reporter's Nosegay"—so good that they are clipped and reprinted by newspaper editors throughout the country.

If you want a **clean** newspaper, worthy to occupy an honored place in the home circle—

If you want a **live** newspaper without a streak of **yellow** in its make-up—

If you want a **stalwart Democratic** newspaper that will keep you thoroughly posted on every phase of a stirring national campaign—

If you want a **family** newspaper the profit and pleasure of reading which will be shared by others, no matter how diverse their tastes and inclinations—

You want "The Philadelphia Record." It is the **only** paper that fills the bill.

"The Philadelphia Record"

will be mailed to your address at the following rates:

Daily (including Sunday), per year.$4.50
Every week day, per year..... 3.00
Sunday Record, per year..... 1.00

9-3 tf

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The Great AMERICAN FARMER
Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Leading Agricultural Journal of the Nation. Edited by an Able Corps of Writers.

The American Farmer is the only Literary Farm Journal published. It fills a position of its own and has taken the leading place in the homes of rural people in every section of the United States. It gives the farmer and his family something to think about aside from the humdrum of routine duties.

Every Issue Contains an Original Poem by SOLON GOODE

WE MAKE THE EXCEPTIONAL OFFER OF

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The Oldest County Paper and THE AMERICAN FARMER

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.00

This unparalleled offer is made to all new subscribers, and all old ones who pay all arrears and renew within thirty days. Sample copies free. Address:

THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

A Fish Story.

A pet water spaniel belonging to a Clear Lake, Ia., fisherman is the central figure in a fish story of unusual interest. The fisherman had driven to a distant and quiet shore of the lake to engage in the sport of fishing for suckers, being careful to throw back all the game fish caught. The water spaniel was a member of the party, and after the man had ensconced himself upon the bank, the dog proceded to play about in the water frightening away the prospective suckers. Commands were of no avail, and the fisherman to insure quiet, tied the dog to a wheel of his buggy with an extra fish line already baited. The fisherman absorbed by the fascination of waiting for a bite, failed to observe that the dog had escaped until the animal had reached the water. An angry shout only served to frighten the dog farther out into the lake, carrying around his neck the fish line with spoon hook attached. When he finally swam back to shore a five pound pike was on the hook, and he proudly dragged it to his master. The latter found it too badly injured by the hook to be thrown back into the lake, and was able to go home with a fine pike for supper without being guilty of violating the fish laws of Iowa.—Rochester Herald.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Every man who rises above the common level receives two educations—the first from his instructors, the second, the most personal and important, from himself.

Heaven's gates are not so highly arched as king's palaces; they that enter there must go upon their knees.

The man who borrows may not be able to wear better clothes than the man who lends, but he usually does, just the same.

It takes a good many years of strenuous experience to enable a man to profit by the knowledge he acquired at college.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES | FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES | SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES | SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES | WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES | COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES | COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES | KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES | SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES | BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:50, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 52	7 08
Zaners	†9 40	†3 17	6 57	†7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	†10 00	†3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	†10 03	†3 40	†7 21	8 56
Laubachs	†10 08	†3 45	†7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	†1010	†3 47	†7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	0
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	1

SOUTHWARD

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 P.M.
	†	†	†	‡	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 36
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	†6 01	†11 00	†4 47	†7 12	....
Laubachs	†6 03	†11 02	†4 48	†7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	†6 12	†11 06	†4 53	†7 22	12 05
Edsons	†6 14	†11 09	†4 56	†7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	†6 35	†11 29	†5 17	†7 45	19 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	...	...	...	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ‡ Sunday only. † Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS

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A Reliable Remedy FOR **CATARRH**

Ely's Cream Balm

is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Ely's Cream Balm for use in Atomizers 75 cts. by mail. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Solicits the Business and Accounts of Farmers and Business Men.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED BY A STRONG, CONSERVATIVE AND SAFE MANAGEMENT.

5 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

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THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1908.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT.
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN W. KERN,
of Indiana.

Democratic State Ticket.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT,
WEBSTER GRIMM,
of Bucks County.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,
JOHN G. McHENY,
of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa,

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
FREEZE QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN MOUREY,
of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
CHARLES L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton Borough,
(Second Term.)

HARRY CREASY,
of Bloomsburg.
(Second Term.)

Next Capitol Trial Not Until January

The third trial arising out of the Capitol scandal will not likely be started in the Dauphin county court until the latter part of January, practically on the anniversary of the start of the first trial, which resulted in the conviction of Huston, Sanderson, Snyder and Mathues.

District Attorney Weiss has withdrawn the motion asking that November 23 be fixed as the date for starting the next trial. The withdrawal was allowed, and at the same time the court gave Mr. Weiss permission to resubmit the motion later.

Because of regular terms of court and the Christmas holidays which intervene, it is not likely that the date for trial will be fixed before the latter part of January.

The case to be tried next has not been designated by the Commonwealth although it has been selected. It will probably not be named until the date for trial is fixed by the court.

HON. JOHN G. McHENRY.

We believe the re-election of our present representative in Congress, Hon. John G. McHenry, is a foregone conclusion. Every indication points that way, and indeed, there is no reason why he should not be returned.

This district has never been represented by a man who, without previous wide-spread reputation, has so soon sprung into prominence, and his ability recognized by being placed on important committees at his first session.

No representative has ever given more attention to pensions, nor been more successful in procuring them. His personal attention and persistence have procured for many needy and deserving families their just recognition. In this respect, nor indeed in any others, he has not been merely the Democratic Congressman, but he has been, and will continue to be, the representative of the people, regardless of politics. The only consideration has been "Is it a worthy claim?" and Democrats and Republicans alike have reaped the benefit of his efficient services.

His speeches in Congress on the subject of pensions have been admirable ones, as have all others which he has made. They show not only an unusual versatility, but are marked by careful preparation and a familiarity with the subjects which he has advocated.

In a speech delivered on February 3, 1908 on the increase of pensions of widows and minor children, Mr. McHenry closed by saying:

"Mr. Speaker, I feel keenly on this subject of pensions and grow impatient when these tales of sorrow come to my ears. Out of the abundance in this land of plenty there ought to be enough to shield the widows of the heroes from the pangs of want. We are coutributing with almost profligate liberality to the building of ships and the preparation for future wars. It is only just to say that Congress has been fairly generous in both moral and material rewards to the soldiers of our several wars also, but we have not been quite just to the widows of our soldiers. To my mind there should be no discrimination in the allotment of pensions between the soldier and the widow, and if I had my way the pension of every soldier which now ends with his death would be continued to his widow. That is not the present proposition, however. The pending bill provides for a uniform pension of $12 a month for the widows of soldiers of the wars, and it should be passed by the unanimous vote of Congress. It is just and proper. The wives and mothers of the country constitute the moral force which develops patriotism and makes good citizenship. More than the men, they shape destinies for good, and their comfort, if not their competence, should be the first consideration of every man. There are widows of soldiers in this broad land who have laid their strength on the altar of devotion and sacrificed every hope and comfort to lessen the pain and lighten the sorrows of their infirm husbands in the last hours of their lives. Let us, now that we have opportunity and means, provide for the declining years of these faithful women, so that, in the language of Edmund Spenser—

Her angel's face,
As the great eye of heaven shined bright,
And made a sunshine in the shady place."

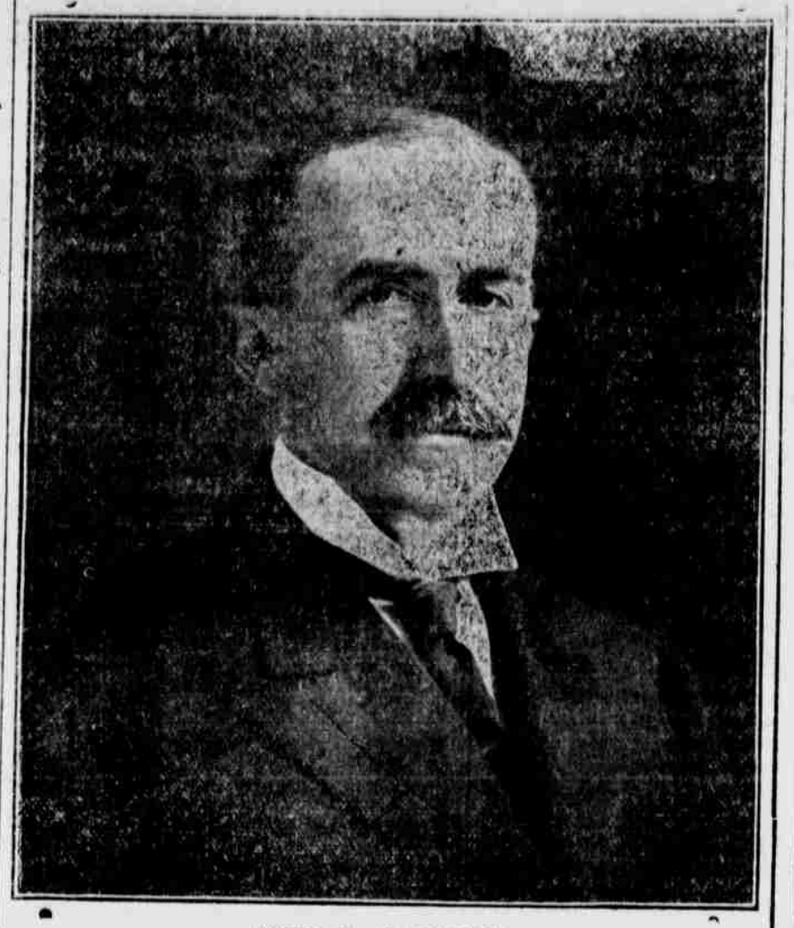
We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.



JOHN G. McHENRY,
Candidate for Second Congressional Term.

MR. McHENRY'S SPEECHES.

From the Bloomsburg Daily Mail, October 1st.

Hon John G. McHenry's speeches on banking and currency questions are commanding the widest attention and commendation from men of all sections and conditions. Last week we quoted from a letter written by Hon. John Sharp Williams, the gifted and courageous leader of the minority in the House of Representatives at Washington, on his Bedford Springs' speech. Below will be found a letter from the Rev. H. J. Whalen, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, New Castle, Pa., on the same subject. The statesman of the South and the clergyman of the North come together in their estimation of our capable Congressman.

First Baptist Church, New Castle, Pa.
Pastor's Residence, Sept. 28th, 1908.

Hon. John G. McHenry, Benton, Pa.

My Dear Sir:—I beg the privilege of writing you my high appreciation of two of your recent addresses on the banking question. I refer to your addresses before the Grange Bankers at Troy and before the State Bankers' association at Bedford Springs.

Forced by my position to be a student of economic questions, I am reading current discussion with deep interest, and among all of our public men I believe no one has so successfully brought the intricacies of the currency question within the grasp of the people.

Your district is to be congratulated upon being represented by one whose utterances in the last Congress, and whose recent addresses are shaping public opinion upon one of the important issues of the present campaign.

Your position on the guarantee of bank deposits is invincible while the down-right honesty that permeates your every address, marks you plainly as a man of the people— and such a man as the times demand.

Very Sincerely,
H. J. WHALEN.

It would be impossible to form a higher tribute to the services of a public official than that expressed in the letter of Mr. Whalen to Mr. McHenry. Every voter in the Sixteenth Congressional district ought to be proud of the fact that our Representative in Congress is so generously praised by men of the highest intelligence in all sections of the country. When men are making estimates of representatives they also form ideas of the citizenship of the community in which they live and it can be safely said no mean opinion is heard of a community which is represented by an official who commands such admiration and approval.

UNLOADING CANNON.

Repudiation by three Republican aspirants for congress in Iowa of Speaker Joseph G. Cannon is indicative of the increasing hostility to his re-election to a position which he has used to stifle the will of the people. "Uncle Joe" is a load that has become almost too heavy for his party to shoulder, and it need not be surprising if sufficient opposition develops to curb his tyrannical and misdirected power.

A bitter struggle is being waged against Speaker Cannon in his Illinois district, but he is so firmly entrenched that his opponents despair of accomplishing his overthrow. The next best thing, therefore is for the people of the country to demand of aspirants for congressional honors an unequivocal pledge that they, if elected, will not vote for his re-election as speaker, should the calamity of his return to congress again be visited upon the nation.

No Republican who is in accord with President Roosevelt can hold admiration for "Uncle Joe." He consistently and determinedly opposed measures advocated by the chief executive, and stood firm against every relief demanded by the people. He is the representative of special interests, a practical scheming politician, the antithesis of the ideal public servant.

Every voter ought to make plain to suppliants for his suffrage his estimate of Speaker Cannon and urge that he not be re-elected to the speakership. As long as he occupies this position there is little reason to expect that congress will be responsive to the popular will. A law unto himself, his pleasure paramount to every other consideration, and regarding the people as mere dumb driven cattle, "Uncle Joe" is sufficiently powerful and sufficiently unscrupulous to block the most righteous and most urgently-needed measures relieving the oppressions from which the masses are suffering.

—*Altoona Times.*

John G. McHenry's Bedford Speech.

A supplement to the *Record and Star* this week contains the speech of John G McHenry, delivered at Bedford Springs last week. The subject is "Government Guarantee of Bank Deposits," a feature of the present financial problem that is attracting much attention. The speech shows a thorough research into every feature of the subject, and it is presented in Mr. McHenry's usual straight-forward, sincere and unequivocal manner. We commend the speech to our readers as worthy of the perusal of all who wish to acquaint themselves with this important subject, assuring them that in no other way will they get a more clear and concise understanding. It will also aid in showing why Mr. McHenry has so rapidly risen to prominence in political and financial circles. Earnest, able, a deep thinker and an avowed champion of the best interest of the people, he has attained a most enviable position in the regard and confidence of his constituents, and well earned the title of one of the best representatives this district has had in the national house.

—From the Watsontown *Record and Star* of October 9th, 1908.

A World of Dress Goods

In Our First Fall Fabric Showing

Not one fashionable weave or coloring but what is represented in our Dress Goods Department. Our showing is broad—comprehensive—complete—satisfying.

What the dress particular, tasteful woman wants is here—whether it be a plain chiffon broadcloth in one of the new green tones or a mannish overplaid mixture—smiling from among stores of other modish weaves.

And perhaps the most note worthy feature of the exhibit is the price lowness. We bought early and especially advantageously. Now we would pay from 10 to 20 per cent. more for many of the fabrics. You of course get the benefit of our fortunate purchasing. Prices tell—take note of them when you come.

A Few of the Many New Fabrics.

DIAGONAL—in navy blue, brown and green, 50 inches wide, six yards makes an entire suit. Price 79 cents a yard.

FANCY PANAMA—46 inches wide in stripes, checks and plaids as well as all the wanted plain colors at $1.00 a yard.

STORM SERGES AND CHEVIOTS—in blue, brown, red, green and black—steam shrunk and ready to make 36 and 54 inches wide. Prices 50c to $1.50 the yard.

SHADOW STRIPE CHIFFON PANAMA—40 to 44 inches wide in blue, green, garnet, red, brown and black. 75c to $1.00 the yard.

FANCY STRIPE DIAGONAL 54 inches wide, very beautiful material in blue, brown and black. Price $1.00 yd.

BLACK VOILE—always wanted for fine separate skirts. 44 in. wide, $1.00 to $1.50 a yard.

FANCY BROAD CLOTH—50 in. wide in blue, green and brown, with wide shadow stripe effect, just the thing for your new fall suit $1.75 the yard.

A wide variety of high class WOOL TAFFETA in the season's latest colorings in green, blue, garnet, brown, gray and black, 40 in. wide at $1.00 a yard.

SHEPHERDS PLAID—in black and white, blue and white and brown and white 36 to 44 inches wide, 50c to 75c a yard.

FANCY SUITINGS—36 in. wide, new Diagonal weaves as well as shadow stripes in all the new Autumn colors, 50c a yard.

HERRINGBONE WORSTED 40 to 44 in. wide high class fabrics in a wide variety of styles in red, brown, blue, green and black, 75c to $1.39 a yard.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

We Have Ten Styles of

Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets, Announcements, &c.

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

Twenty-Four Styles of Type

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

The New Styles in Fall Regals at

EVANS'

Every man in Bloomsburg should drop in and see the handsome new styles in our complete stock of

FALL REGALS.

There's a Regal custom style to suit everyone's preference, and you can be certain that your Regals will have the same true shape when you are ready to discard the shoes as they did the day you bought them.

CHAS. M. EVANS

Exclusive Sales Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

The rabbit season opens today.

Miss Claire Gross, who was operated upon for appendicitis at the Williamsport Hospital, has returned home much improved.

Mrs. Emanuel Kelchner, of Catherine street, is seriously ill. Her son, Charles, of Philadelphia, was summoned home last Sunday.

Members of the Bloomsburg Gun Club have agreed not to shoot any quail this year. Many clubs in other sections have taken the same action.

The ladies of the Lutheran Church served a fine dinner at the fair last week, and cleared a nice sum, variously reported to be from $450 to $700.

The following cards are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., Post Office: Mr. Lewis Cole, Mrs. Clyde Getz, Miss Edna Keifer, O. S. Randall, Mrs. Charlotte I. Yost.

Miss Minnie Watts, who has been ill with fever at the Joseph Ratti Hospital for four weeks, was able to return to her home with the family of Geo. E. Elwell, on Tuesday.

According to the Danville *News* over 2000 from that place attended the Bloomsburg fair last Thursday. It is said that the Danville and Bloomsburg trolley line brought over 1500 passengers up here.

A burglar attempted to enter a rear window of Harry Rinker's residence in the Titman building last Saturday night but Mr. Rinker heard him and asked him what he wanted, and the man hastily disappeared.

J. Saltzer's exhibit at the fair was one of the centers of attraction as usual. A good orchestra discoursed fine music. His large line of pianos, organs and sewing machines made a fine display. This was the thirty-second year that Mr. Saltzer has been an exhibitor.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Chas. P. Elwell announces that he will be pleased to receive all former pupils on violin and pianoforte, as well as new ones. Latest and best methods.

Terms strictly cash by the lesson or month. Address Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, or call up on Bell 'phone any afternoon between 1 and 2. tf

Holy Communion will be administered under the pastorate of Rev. A. Houtz as follows: Orangeville October 18th, at 10:30 a. m.; St. James' October 25th, at 10:15 a. m.; Hidlay Nov. 1, at 10:30 a. m.; and Zion November 8th at 10:30 a. m. Preparatory service on the preceding Saturday.

WANTED—SUCCESS MAGAZINE requires the services of a man in Bloomsburg, to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods usually effective; position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary $1.50 per day, with commission option. Address, with reference, R. C. Peacock, Room 102, Success Magazine Bldg., New York. 10-15-4t.

Albra W. Baker, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.
5-7-6m

Year's Death Roll of Civil War Men 34,333

Falling Off Equal to 5 Per Cent of Total—629.084 Pensioners Left.

The report of the commissioner of pensions for the fiscal year ending June 30 last, gives prominence to the fact that during the year there were 34,333 deaths among survivors of the Civil War who were on the pension roll.

This falling off was equal to about 5 per cent of the total and left 628,084 survivors on the roll.

The number of deaths of Civil War survivors was 3132 greater than during the previous year. The total number of pensioners at the end of the year was 951,687. During the year 54,365 pensioners of all classes were dropped, and 38,682 added, making a net loss of 15,684.

The statement also shows that 188,445 widows of soldiers already have taken advantage of the law of the last session of Congress increasing to $12 a month the pension to widows.

The actual eexpenditures for the year on account of pensions were $153,093,086. The expenditures for the year were the largest in the history of the bureau.

Bryan-Taft Contest Cash Prizes for Readers.

"The Philadelphia Press" is running a unique contest, which is very interesting and something entirely new. The problem is to figure out the shortest distance starting from the capitol of each candidate's home State; passing through the capital city of every State in the Union and finally landing in the White House in Washington, D. C. Anyone can enter the race by securing a copy of the map and instructions which appear in "The Press" every Sunday. If someone sends in a better solution you may try again and endeavor to find a shorter route. To make it more interesting and worth while a number of cash prizes will be given to the one finding the shortest route. Also a cash prize of $5.00 will be given each week for the shortest route figured out each week. The contest closes November 3d. Order "The Sunday Philadelphia Press" from your newsdealer at once.

Here and There.

The state highway commission is drafting new laws to govern road repairs and improvements in Pennsylvania and it is anticipated that six millions of dollars will be expended on state roads during the next four years.

The young women of the sophomore class of Swarthmore college, have decreed that the girls of the freshmen class dare not wear puffs, commonly known as "rats," to elevate their locks. The freshmen are having a strenuous time in consequence.

Members of the Berwick Rod and Gun club have agreed not to shoot any quail this year and have sent out a request to all hunters in that locality asking them to refrain from shooting these birds.

Predicts a Late Fall.

Three months of delightful fall-like weather running up to within a fortnight of Christmas, is predicted by George W. Tichenor, Burlington weather prophet, whose prognostications for the last three years have been very successful. Tichenor says this section will experience a late fall, with but few storms, and that the weather will remain moderate until well into December.

A Pleasure Loving Mother.

Mrs. Anna Jones of Nanticoke, unable to get into a theatre on Saturday with her 9-months-old baby, gave two little girls a nickle to hold the baby "for a few minutes," and then went in to enjoy the play. In two hours the police found the children, cold and crying, and took charge of the baby until the pleasure loving mother came for it.

Pennsylvania's Oldest Resident.

Clarion county claims the distinction of having within her borders the oldest living person in the United States, Mrs. Elizabeth Freeman, of Madison township. She on October 7th attained the remarkable age of 115 years.

Mrs. Freeman was born in Fayette county, near the present city of Connellsville, in 1793, and married William Freeman in 1816. She has been a widow forty years, has had seven children, and has fifty-five grandchildren, twenty great-grandchildren and three great-great grandchildren living. Mrs. Freeman has smoked ever since she was a girl and still enjoys her pipe and tobacco.

At Bignon's.

Many American visitors to Paris are acquainted at Bignon's, a restaurant where no prices were set down on the bill of fare. The guest had the artistic satisfaction of dining in ignorance of what the the expense would be, but he was very likely to discover when he received his bill, that ignorance is, indeed, bliss.

A stranger dining there in April ordered a melon.

"What!" he exclaimed, when his bill was presented to him "Thirty francs for a melon! You are joking."

"Monsieur," said Bignon, "if you can find me three or four at the same price, I will buy them."

"Fifteen francs for a peach!" said a Russian prince, on another occasion. "They must be very scarce."

"It isn't the peaches that are scarce, your highness, it is princes," replied Bignon.

"Monsieur Bignon, a red herring at two and a half francs! Isn't that exorbitant?" asked another customer.

"It is in your interest, monsieur. My prices are the barrier I have established between classes. Why do you come here? To be among yourselves. If I change my prices the house would be invaded and you would all leave.

Another patron complained of a sauce. "Did you dine here last evening?" asked Bignon.

"No."

"Ah, that is the trouble! You spoiled your taste in some other restaurant."

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Theodosia B. McHenry, late of Jackson Township, Deceased.

The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to pass upon exceptions to the final account of A. Z. McHenry, administrator, and to make distribution of the fund found to be in the administrator's hands, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Wednesday, November 11, 1908 at 10 o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in the fund in the hands of the administrator of said deceased will appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

A. N. YOST,
10-15-4t. Auditor.

NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court } In re estate of
of Columbia County } P. K. Patterson

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the said Orphans' Court by the undersigned for letters of administration on the estate of said P. K. Patterson, who has been absent from the place of his last domicile, viz: Greenwood Township, in this County and Commonwealth, for more than seven years last past and his whereabouts unknown, and the said Court has fixed Monday, December 7th, 1908, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day as the time to hear the evidence concerning the alleged absence of the supposed decedent and the circumstances and duration thereof.

B. F. BATTIN.
Clinton Herring, Att'y. 10-1-5t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Michael Rubis, late of Wilburton, Conyngham Township, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent have been granted to the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Mount Carmel, Pennsylvania. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will make them known without delay to said Administrator at their banking house in Mount Carmel, Pa., or to their counsel,

BASTRESS & TIER,
Sept. 17, 1908. 6t. Mount Carmel, Pa.

Sheep as Beasts of Burden.

In the Northern part of India sheep are put to a use unthought of in European or American countries. They are made to serve as beasts of burden, because they are more sure-footed than larger beasts, and the mountain paths along the foot of the Himalayas are steep and difficult. The load for each sheep is from 16 to 20 pounds. The sheep are driven from village to village with the wool still growing, and in each town the farmer shears as much wool as he can sell there and loads the sheep with the grain which he receives in exchange. After his flock has been sheared he turns its homeward, each sheep having on its back a small bag containing the purchased grain.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 12, 1908.

There have been few seasons in Washington so devoid of interest as is this ante-Congressional period, the autumn of 1908. Interest centers in the coming election, now less than four weeks off. The President's return to the White House and his plunge into the midst of the campaign has been discussed and is no longer a sensation. Mr. Taft's election is expected by people in official life but it cannot be denied that there is a tinge of anxiety owing to what appears to be an apathetic, all-pervading indifference throughout the country. The fact that the better odds are in favor of Taft is somewhat reassuring to pessimistic and skeptical Republicans. Every effort is being made to arouse the enthusiasm or the fear that it is hoped will bring out voters on election day. It is well known that the Republican party is losing from two sources and losing all along the line from Maine to Mexico. These two sources are the labor vote and the colored vote. It is pointed out that the calling of the Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the head of the Longshoremen's Union and other men distinguished for their official positions in the ranks of labor, for conference with the President at the White House, is evidence of anxiety on the part of the most distinguished promoter of the Taft campaign. It is known that danger signals are flying as a warning to Republicans in all the centers of population throughout the country. The fact that the situation requires the care and manipulation of that most astute master of politics, that mover of statesmen, that martinet of the Republican party, that wielder of the Big Stick, is giving great encouragement to those who hope for a complete change of administration and not merely for the substitution of a representative of the Roosevelt policies.

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The Republican campaign managers are daily filing through the White House, making their reports, receiving commands and directions which it is expected will enable them to increase their effectiveness. A week or two ago, there was much talk of the President's taking the stump. Then there appeared to be an inspired report through Secretary Loeb that he would not take the stump, but now there is a revival of the rumor and indeed there appears to be an occasion for a charge with the forlorn hope. He is, of course, the most strenuous thing in the party as well as its most export strategist and his presence on the stump would draw, even if it did not convince. It is argued that since Mr. Roosevelt is not his party's nominee, there would be no impropriety in his taking the most active part in the campaign. If it is permissible for the President to write letters and engage in argument with the opposition with his pen, why may not he use his voice with the same propriety? The fact of it is that it is thoroughly unconventional and without precedent for the chief office holder and president of the entire country to become a partisan or party advocate.

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Everybody "who is who" as the saying is, has returned to Washington. The social season has not yet opened but there is much informal sociability. Last week the President and his family attended the theatre where the latest play of the famous Jewish author and playwright, Zangwill, was produced. In this play, the author has endeavored to promote the amalgamation of the Jewish race with Christian races—an apparently impossible task. But who shall say that it cannot be accomplished, or that it is not now really in process of accomplishment?

***

In a recent trip around the world, embracing Japan, China, the Straits Settlements, Burmah India, Egypt, Palestine and Europe, the spectacle that most impressed your correspondent was the wailing of the Jews at the foot of the massive remnant of Solomon's Temple in Jerusalem. There they were, with their unmistakable physiogomy, clothed in cloaks of every color, none of them clean although the wearers of some of them were men of wealth, standing with their noses against the remarkable ruin and chanting from the Lamentations of Jeremiah, believing in and praying for the return of the favor and glory of Zion to Israel. This survival of a faith and a fervor through ages of persecution is one of the most remarkable of phenomena in history. Mr. Zangwill, who was a few years ago the chief promotor of Zionism and one of the ablest and most distinguished of his race is presenting this play called "The Melting Pot," the suggestive name of which indicates his faith in Jewish miscegenation with the races of the world. The United States, is of course, the melting pot. Here the Jew has had an opportunity that he has possessed nowhere else on the face of the earth and it must be said that he has improved it in a way. He has gathered to himself wealth and influence. He is in the Senate, in the cabinet; he is almost everywhere except in society. How can he ever get into society when he will not marry, for what is society in the end but a matrimonial bureau? Mr. Zangwill does not halt at marriage, in his play at least.

A CHARMING YOUNG MOTHER SAYS:

"I Want To Recommend Pe-ru-na To Mothers."

MRS. E. W. BROOKS.

Weak, Exhausted, Pe-ru-na Gave New Life.

Mrs. E. W. Brooks, 5415 S. Steele St., South Tacoma, Wash., writes:

"I want to recommend Peruna to mothers. When my little girl came, I felt very weak and exhausted, and it seemed that I could not regain my strength.

"My mother bought me a bottle of Peruna, after I had tried several other much advertised remedies without relief. I had little faith, as I was very weak, but within a week after I had commenced taking Peruna I was like a different woman.

"New life and vitality seemed to come each day until in a few weeks I was in fine health and a happy woman. Thanks to your splendid medicine, I have enjoyed good health for several years. I always keep Peruna on hand, as a few doses will set me right when I am feeling badly."

Catarrh of Ears.

Mrs. G. W. Heard, Hempstead, Texas, writes in regard to her son Carl: "My son's ears had been affected since he was a baby. He seemed to have risings in his head. He would be very fretful for several days, then his ears would run profusely what appeared to be corruption.

"The last year I thought he had almost lost his hearing and had a local physician treating him for about six weeks. He pronounced him well and for a few weeks he was not troubled, but since that time the discharge from his ears was almost constant and very offensive.

"Finally I began giving him Peruna and Lacupia, and after he had taken two bottles of the Lacupia he was entirely cured.

"I cannot praise Lacupia and Peruna enough."

People Who Object to Liquid Medicines Should Buy Peruna Tablets

1/4 OFF YOUR BILL

That's what THE CLARK STORE offers you now on their Entire Stock of

All Wool Dress Goods, Embroideries and Laces, and Counterpanes.

You reap the benefit in this big sale of these dependable and reliable goods by saving 25 per cent. Just so much interest on your money, and the goods are what you need. Don't delay if you wish to share in this saving. Act now while the offer is on.

$6.75 SILK PETTICOATS $4.69.

All Wool Tailored Suits 1/2 Price.

THE CLARK STORE

Overworked Plea

Insanity Dodge In Murder Trials Incentive to Murder.

The Sunbury "Item" makes the timely observation that "the insanity plea is being so industriously worked in behalf of murderers who have no other possible defense for their crimes that if juries generally are impressed by the plea it will be necessary to erect a large and expensive asylum for the alleged homicidal insane. As every acquittal of this character is an incentive to new murders, there will be a constant and increasing procession of manslayers from the courts to the asylums. The insanity plea is being overworked.

The Milton *Record* says that about 35,000 people attended the Milton fair during the three days.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, '08

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Begsnning at a corner on Fifth street as taken and appropriated by the Town of Bloomsburg, in the widening of Fifth street at said premises; thence along the south side of said Fifth street as then appropriated forty-six feet more or less to Strawberry alley; thence along said alley southeastwardly one hundred and sixty feet be the same more or less to Sterner's alley; thence along the north side of said Sterner's alley westwardly fifty-nine feet more or less to corner of lot late the estate of Henry Wolf, deceased; thence by the same northwardly one hundred and fifty-six feet be the same more or less to the corner the place of beginning. Whereon are erected

TWO TWO STORY
FRAME DWELLING HOUSES,

one thereof fronting on Fifth street and the other fronting on Strawberry alley.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Commonwealth Trust Company vs. John W. Davis and S. E. Reynolds, and to be sold as the property of S. E. Reynolds.

CHAS. B. ENT,
C. W. Miller, Sheriff.
Attorney. 10-15-4t.

In hot weather even the thermometer realizes there is plenty of room at the top.

THAW SENT BACK TO MATTEAWAN

Judge Mills Denies Application of Prisoner's Lawyers for Jury Inquiry Into Sanity.

NOT ONE WORD OF TESTIMONY.

Despite Writ Requiring His Presence in Pennsylvania, Justice Decides Quickly—Last Hope Rests on Bankruptcy Action.

White Plains, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Instead of obtaining his freedom, as he expected, Harry K. Thaw was sent back to the place which he dreaded above all others, the Matteawan State Hospital. His writ of habeas corpus was dismissed by Justice Mills of the Supreme Court when his lawyer refused to offer testimony in regard to the prisoner's mental condition.

Although Thaw's lawyers had spoken confidently of the ease with which they would convince Justice Mills that Thaw was sane, they didn't offer any testimony when the Justice directed them to do so. When the case was called, Colonel Fraskin Bartlett, of counsel for Thaw, asked that the order of Justice Dowling sending Thaw to Matteawan be dismissed. The motion was denied by Justice Mills. Colonel Asa Bird Gardiner, representing the Attorney General, asked that writ of habeas corpus be dismissed, on the ground that Justice Morschauser had decided Thaw was insane and that an appeal from that decision was pending before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. This motion also was denied.

Colonel Bartlett then asked for a jury trial for Thaw. Justice Mills had refused to grant this request before, and he said he had not changed his mind on the subject.

"Go ahead with your testimony in regard to the prisoner's mental condition," Justice Mills said.

"I have taken an appeal from your Honor's decision refusing a jury trial," Bartlett replied, "and we will not offer evidence until the Court of Appeals has passed on the question."

"Then I move to dismiss the writ of habeas corpus," said District Attorney Winslow of Westchester.

"Motion granted," replied Justice Mills. "The prisoner is committed to the custody of Dr. Baker of the Matteawan State Hospital."

The sudden ending of the proceedings took Thaw by surprise. He spoke to his mother and Mrs. George A. Carnegie, his sister, who were seated at his side. It was plain the women found it hard to restrain their tears when they heard Thaw was going back to Matteawan.

Dr. Baker and an attendant from the insane asylum took charge of Thaw. When they left the courtroom Dr. Baker was served with an order directing him to produce Thaw in Pittsburg before the referee in the bankruptcy proceedings begun here. He turned the order over to former District Attorney Gardiner, who will appear before the United States Judge who issued it and argue it against taking Thaw out of the State.

When Thaw arrived at Matteawan supper had been served, but a special meal was prepared for him. He had nothing to say regarding his being recommitted.

Although she kept in concealment and few knew of her presence in town, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw was in White Plains, prepared, in case of her husband's sanity hearing went on, to testify against him. It is understood that young Mrs. Thaw was to testify that she was afraid Thaw would kill her if he should be set free.

"WILLIAM JONES AVENGER" KILLS.

Man Who Fired at Guiteau Shoots Employe Down.

Washington, Oct. 13.—William Jones, known locally on account of having attempted to avenge the death of President Garfield by shooting at Guiteau, the assassin, as "Bill Jones, the Avenger," shot and killed John A. McPherson, of Detroit, at Bates farm, near Brookland, on the outskirts of this city. The weapon used was a shotgun. McPherson was employed by Jones.

Jones admitted to Coroner Nevitt that he shot McPherson, but claims that he acted in self-defence.

Lockjaw after Teeth are Pulled.

Belvidere, N. J., Oct. 15.—Mrs. Arthur Walters died here of lockjaw. Last Saturday she had fourteen teeth drawn. The next day she became quite ill and it was thought this condition was due to the anaesthetic she took when the dentist operated upon her. Unmistakable signs of tetanus developed and the woman suffered agony until her death.

Charleston to Cross Pacific.

Washington, Oct. 12.—Orders were issued to the cruiser Charleston, now at the Bremerton Navy-yard, to proceed to the Asiatic Station, via Honolulu and Guam, to become the flagship of the third squadron of the Pacific fleet, replacing the cruiser Rainbow.

GRAIN DUST EXPLODES KILLING THIRTEEN.

Elevator at Richford, Vt., Torn Asunder and Burned by Concentration of Sun's Rays.

Richford, Vt., Oct. 15.—An explosion of dust and gases in a large grain elevator owned by the Canadian Pacific and the Boston & Maine railroads in this village caused the death of at least thirteen persons, and it is possible that the death roll may be still further increased when a careful search of the ruins can be made.

Of the victims, eleven were men employed in the elevator. The other two were walking on the Canadian Pacific track near by. The dead are: Herman Lahue, Lucius Wright, Robert Mandigo, W. C. Barney, Ralph Haire, Herman Niles, Charles Narrows, Louis Papineau, Doma La Porte, H. Tuttle, a workman, name unknown; Mrs. Jelforo, Mrs. Guardo.

The two women were near the elevator at the time of the accident and were probably stunned by the explosion. Both were living, though badly burned, when they were picked up and taken to a neighboring house, but they died within a few hours. The only body recovered is that of Mandigo.

The fire destroyed not only the elevator building but a flour shed also and seventy-five freight cars. The loss is $400,000.

The disaster occurred while the elevator was in operation. It is supposed that it was due to spontaneous combustion of dry grain dust, ignited possibly by the sun's rays through a window. With a concussion which could be heard for miles and which shook every building in the town, the roof of the great elevator was blown skyward, while flames burst from every window and door of the structure.

FARMER SHOOTS SONS AND SELF.

Taken from Teacher by Father Who Commits Suicide.

Macon, Mo., Oct. 15.—At the afternoon session of the Knapp District School, Drake township, D. Oscar Seaman called and asked the teacher to excuse his two sons, 9 and 11. He took the boys home and at the house called Tressie, the seven-year-old girl, told her to kiss her mother goodby and then led all three of the unsuspecting children down to the barn. Seaman produced a revolver and told the boys all were to die except Tressie.

With that short announcement he shot the youngest boy through the heart, killing him instantly, mortally wounded the older lad and inflicted the wound upon himself from the effects of which he died at 7 o'clock. The tragedy from the time they left the house until the older boy crawled back to tell his mother what had happend did not last over five minutes. Tressie was not harmed, though her father shot once at her. Four loads were discharged from the weapon. When the wounded boy informed his mother of what had occurred she cried:

"My God! what on earth could he be thinking of!"

Seaman made no statement.

OSTEOPATHS DOCTORS

So Court of Appeals Decides—They May Sign Death Certificates.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 15.—That an osteopath may sign a death certificate and is on the same plane as any practitioner of medicine and surgery is the decision of the Court of Appeals handed down in the case of Dr. Charles F. Bandel of Brooklyn, former president of the New York State Osteopathic Society. Dr. Bandel signed the death certificate of one of his patients in Brooklyn and the New York Department of Health refused to file the certificate, the result being that a Coroner was called. The suit resulted.

Mississippi River Nips $75,000.

New Orleans, Oct. 12.—Seventy-five thousand dollars' worth of railroad property slipped into the Mississippi River when a section of earth 300 feet long and about 200 feet wide, caved in between Washington avenue and Fourth street, carrying along seven freight cars and four lines of railroad tracks.

Ready For Political Wind-up.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—The national chairmen of both the Republican and Democratic paarties, after conferring with their Presidential nominees, decided to concentrate the campaign in New York State, Indiana and Ohio, with all the "heavy artillery" trained on New York in the last week.

Body of Niagara Victim Found.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The body of Brewster Cameron, of El Paso, Texas., who fell into the Niagara River above the falls, was found near the Maid of the Mist landing on the Canadian side. The body was nearly nude and the left arm was almost severed from the body.

League Pitcher for Legislature.

Newport, R. I., Oct. 15.—Frank J. Corridon, a Newport boy and a pitcher for the Philadelphia National League baseball team, has been unanimously nominated for the Legislature by the Democrats of Newport.

FOUR ARE KILLED BY SPEEDING TRAIN

Two Men, One Woman and Child Meet Death at Crossing Near Albany.

THE VICTIMS WAGON RUN INTO.

Dead and Injured Made Up a Party of Six on the Way to a Family Reunion—Bodies of Victims Terribly Mangled.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 15.—George Roberts, a farmer of Melrose, Rensselaer county; Frank Luther and his wife, of Melrose, and baby, one year old, the child of Mr. and Mrs. Luther were killed by a Delaware and Hudson Rutland accommodation train, south bound, at a grade crossing two miles east of the village of Schaghticoke. The injured are James Luther six years old. The fatalities were caused by the deafness of Roberts, who was driving and failed to hear the train.

The dead and injured made up a party of six and were in a wagon which was being driven from Schaghticoke in the direction of Melrose. There is a sharp turn in the highway at the crossing and those in the wagon did not see the train until the wagon had crossed the nearest rail. The train was speeding at a rate of nearly forty miles an hour and the pilot of the locomotive struck the wagon in the centre, cutting it in two. The body of Roberts was picked up thirty feet away in a ditch. The bodies of Luther and his wife were found tightly wedged in the pilot of the locomotive. The baby's body was found twenty feet from the crossing and the two injured children were buried under the wreck of the wagon.

The Rev. H. C. Petty, of Castleton, led the panic stricken passengers in the work of rescue and the recovery of the bodies.

COLLEGIANS FIGHT IN FOOTBALL GAME

Seventeen Men Made Unconscious in Contest.

Schnectady, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Seventeen members of the football teams of the Union and Wesleyan colleges were knocked unconscious during a desparately contested gridiron battle here, and two Union players and three Wesleyan men were removed to the City Hospital in a serious condition. The struggle frequently became so brutal that the spectators shouted for the referee to call the game. The two halves were played, however, and the score ended in a tie, neither side scoring.

Captain Potter of Union sustained a broken collar bone. Brown, the other Union player in hospital, was kicked in the head, and two physicians worked over him for three hours before restoring him to consciousness. Captain Hammond of the Wesleyan team is suffering from concussion of the brain. Harmon of Wesleyan was taken to the hospital with a badly wrenched ankle and internal injuries. Wright, the third Wesleyan player taken away in an ambulance, was kicked and bruised all over the body. The officials said that the game was the roughest and hardest fought they ever had witnessed.

HEIRESS KIDNAPPED.

Three Men Seize Little Margaret Frances Mitchell in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Margaret Frances Mitchell, 8 years old, said to be an heiress to a fortune of $250,000, was kidnapped while in the street with her grandmother. The girl was snatched by one of three men in an automobile and taken away after the grandmother, Mrs. Caroline F. Mitchell, had been knocked down. The police are working on a clue that the child was taken out of the city, probably to Sparta, N. C.

Taft and Bryan Meet.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—William H. Taft, and William J. Bryan met at the Chicago Association of Commerce banquet for the first time in the campaign. Mr. Bryan extended his hand as Mr. Taft approached and there was a brief greeting, while the crowded banquet hall was in a tummult. Mr. Bryan later leaned over to Mr. Taft and smilingly asked if he had had a good day. Both made non-political speeches.

Government Compromised for $40,000.

Pueblo, Col., Oct. 12.—The famous suit of the United States against the Ute Coal anad Coke Company, of Durango, Col., in which the Government sought to recover $630,000 for coal alleged to have been taken from Government lands illegally, was compromised in the Federal Court here. The coal company is to pay the Government $40,000.

Aged Foreman Killed.

Meadville, Pa., Oct. 14.—Samuel Hainen, sixty-five years old, was killed in the Erie Railroad shops where he had been a foreman thirty years. He was the father of Miss Anna Hainen, private secretary to Helen Gould.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

DOMESTIC.

Dr. Daniel Coit Gilman, first president of John Hopkins University and later of the Carnegie Institution at Washington, fell dead of heart disease at the home of his brother, William C. Gilman, in Norwich, Conn.

Maurice B. Dean, special counsel, filed with the Supreme Court, in Washington, on behalf of New York State, a petition for an injunction to restrain the State of New Jersey from constructing the proposed trunk sewer discharging into New York Bay.

The Court of Appeals, at Albany, N. Y., handed down a decision upholding the eight-hour law.

A. M. Herrring delivered his aeroplane to government officials at Fort Myer, Va.

Representatives of various railroads pledged their support to the Public Service Commission at Albany in the effort to prevent future forest fires.

The United States Supreme Court met for the fall and winter term, the jutsices making their annual call on the President.

Controller Murray announced at Washington that more frequent examinations would be made of banks suspected of a tendency toward violations of the banking laws.

It was said at Newport, R. I., that there was little hope of saving the United States cruiser Yankee, which is ashore in Buzzard's Bay.

The International Tuberculosis Congress at Washington closed, New York being given prizes in the awards.

Joseph S. Harris, former President of the Reading, and W. A. Lathrop, President of the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company, testified in the Government's suit against the Coal Trust that they had never heard of a combination to fix coal prices and regulate the output.

Theodore R. Shear, a New York lawyer, inherited $10,000,000 from an uncle in California.

FOREIGN.

The balloon St. Louis, carrying N. H. Arnold and H. J. Hewitt, in the James Bennett Cup race, fell into the North Sea, and the aeronauts had narrow escapes from drowning; they were picked up by a life-boat after struggling for an hour in the waves.

Great Britain desires that Turkey accept the recent changes in the Near East as accomplished facts and ask a money compensation.

Great Britain has modified her attitude regarding a conference of the powers on the situation in the Near East, and also her views regarding the limitation of the subjects to be discussed.

The Montenegrin Assembly voted a credit of $3,200,000 for war, and King Peter and Crown Prince George of Servia exchanged belligerent telegrams.

Benjamin H. Ridgeley, United States Consul General to Mexico City, died suddenly of heart disease.

A. Holland Forbes and Augustus Post, piloting the American balloon Conqueror in the international race, started at Berlin, fell four thousand feet when the gas bag burst, they were uninjured.

Popular clamor for war continues in Servia, and it is reported that volunteers are being enrolled. The Ministry has resigned.

Montenegro has broken away from Austrian control.

POLITICAL.

Tammany Hall gave $10,000 to the National Democratic Committee, this being the first time in its history that the organization ever contributed to a State or national campaign fund.

Men who in past years have held large sums of money as stakeholders in election bets, say that the present season is the dullest they have ever experienced.

Chairman Hitchcock announced the appointment of Representative William S. Bennet as director of the speakers' bureau of the Republican National Committee, to succeed General Du Pont.

Samuel Gompers issued an appeal to laboring men to vote for Bryan. He called Taft the "originator and specific champion of discretionary government."

Ex-Senator William A. Clark, of Montana, will stump for Mr. Bryan, whose election, he says would help and not hurt business interests.

Gov. Hughes, campaigning in Bryan's home city and surrounding towns, caustically assailed the Democratic nominee's policies as chimerical and dangerous.

J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, declared party lines were so loosely drawn that a prediction on the Presidential contest is impossible.

Mr. Taft in an address in Cincinnati explained that his purpose in making speeches in the South was to show that section that its prosperity depended on the enforcement of his policies.

BEAUTIFUL GIRL FOUND SLAIN

Police Arrest Rich Young Razor Who Was Soon to Wed the Victim.

SUICIDE PACT IS SUSPECTED.

Body Found with the Arms Folded —Girl Expected to Be Shot.— Tracks of Horse with One Shoe Missing Give Detectives a Clew.

Wadsworth, O., Oct. 15.—A crime with singular elements of mystery was disclosed when the body of Miss Oro Eetta Lee, a beautiful girl of twenty, was found on the highway, two miles from here, with two bullet holes through her head.

Guy Rasor, a young man who belongs to a wealthy family, is in the Medina County jail, held on suspicion. He was to have married Miss Lee the following day and had got his license from the authorities at Wooster.

The arrest of Rasor was brought about by the fact that the footprints of a horse with one of its shoes lacking were noticed in the road near the body. There were also prints of carriage wheels, showing that the animal had been driven to the place of the tragedy and hitched to the fence and had then been turned around and driven whence it came.

The authorities claim to have found in Rasor's stable a horse with one of its shoes missing. The young man denies that he saw his fiancee after Wednesday night, when he completed the arrangements for their marriage.

That Miss Lee's death was a murder and not a suicide is proved, the police say, by the fact that her body was found with the hands folded over the breast, and the lower limbs straightened out, as if the corpse had been carefully arranged after her death. Her dress suit case was beside her on the ground. Her handbag was still on her left wrist, and her left hand clutched a handkerchief. There was no evidence of a struggle. Either of the wounds in the head, the doctors say, was instantly fatal, precluding on this ground alone the idea of suicide.

The police hesitate between two theories; one that the girl was slain by a rival of Rasor's; the other that she died as the result of a suicide pact with Rasor himself. They suspect that he shot Miss Lee and then lacked nerve to kill himself.

There are some circumstances, the police say, which point to the fact that the girl expected to be shot. Last night Mrs. George Stickler, a sister, asked Miss Lee to stay with the baby while she went to a dance.

"I will if I'm not shot," Miss Lee replied. Earlier in the evening the girl, who had been hysterical all day, and was recovering from typhoid fever, said that she wished that she had the nerve to kill herself. Last night the girl left the home with a satchel to take the train for Rittman, where she said she would stay until morning and then go to her grandmother's.

POISONED NEEDLES TO KILL HIS FATHER.

Requested His Mother That She Place Them in Husband's Stockings.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 13.—Accused of plotting to kill his father, a millionaire, of Leipsic, Germany, by means of poisoned needles, Hans Moertsch is in jail here.

Moertsch is twenty-three years old. He is said to have been cast out by his father. His plan, as revealed in a lette to his mother, was to send her the needles, their tips covered with a subtle and deadly poison. In the letter he instructed her, it is said, to place the needles in his father's stockings, where they would prick his feet and cause slow death. Proceedings will be begun for his commitment to an asylum.

PANIC IN THE FIGHT TO SEE PAGEANT.

Philadelphia Women Crushed, and Every Hospital Is Filled.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—A great historical pageant was cheered here by three-quarters of a million people. In the culminating feature of Philadelphia's notable celebration of Founders' Week there were 5,000 men and women in costume. There were seventy mammoth floats.

People fought to get a glimpse. Hundreds of women were taken, crushed and fainting, from the congested corners. Every ambulance in the city was brought into play and every hospital was filled.

Proud Father Declares a Holiday.

Norman, Okla., Oct. 15.—Students of the State University, on learning that President Evans was the father of a baby boy, marched to the president's office in a body and demanded a holiday. The president granted the request.

Indian Friend of President Dead.

Hominy, Okla., Oct. 14.—Big Heart, several times chief of the Osage Indians, and a friend of President Roosevelt, died here Monday.

TWO FARMER BROTHERS FOUND STRANGELY MURDERED.

Two Germans Beaten and Shot in Home in New York Village— Robbery the Motive.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 15.—John and Peter Boll, German farmers, were found murdered in their home at Ingall's Cressing, between Phoenix and Fulton. The men were supposed to have had between $800 and $900 in cash. They always carried their savings with them and their empty wallets were on the table. A year ago one of the brothers was robed of $200 in Syracuse.

E. C. Morgan, who made the discovery of the double murder, is the nearest neighbor. He went to the Boll house to get the brothers to help him with some threshing, but got no response to his continued knocks on the door. He left with the thought that the brothers were away somewhere or possibly sound asleep. Morgan returned early this morning to the house and looked through a window and saw the bodies on the floor. The belief is that the crime was committed on Saturday night.

The Boll brothers had been beaten with axes and also shot at with revolvers and their heads and bodies were cut up. The brothers were middle aged Germans who had lived in the vicinity for twenty years.

CRETE SECEDES FROM TURKEY

The Sultan Has Lost Another of His Nominal Dependencies.

Canea, Island of Crete, Oct. 12.—A decree announcing the union of Crete with Greece was published here.

The town was bedecked and early in the morning people began flocking in from all directions. There was much firing of guns and revolvers, together with plenty of cheering, but perfect order was maintained. Mussulmans mingled with Christians freely and unmolested.

Crete is an island in the Mediterranean with about twice the area of Long Island and almost enough people for two Congressional districts if it were in the United States.

The island has been nominally subject to the suzerainty of Turkey but without tribute.

HIT INSURANCE TRUST.

Permanently Enjoins 110 Companies from Fixing Joint Rate.

Belleville, Ill., Oct. 15.—Judge Moore in the Circuit Court here issued a permanent injunction restraining 110 fire insurance companies doing business in Illinois from fixing rates and maintaing a joint agent at East St. Louis.

The suit was begun in June, 1902, by H. J. Hamlin, then Attorney General of Illinois.

Host Killed at Merrymaking.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 14.—Francisco Martalli invited some friends to his house to celebrate his homecoming after a season's work in a railway camp. A row started in which Martalli and Donato Calluori, one of the guests, was shot and killed.

Woman Drowns in Vat of Wine.

Santa Rosa, Cal., Oct. 14.—Mrs. George Colier, wife of a rancher of Occidental, was drowned in a vat of wine. She was visiting the winery and had climbed to the edge of a large vat, where she was overcome by the fumes and fell in.

Mint in Full Blast Again.

Philadelphia, Oct. 15.—After three months of practical idleness the United States mint in this city has resumed operations with a full force and at full hours, to supply the pressing demand for coins.

Weekly Pay at All Navy Yards.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The President approved the recommendation of the War departments that the employes of all navy yards and arsenals throughout the country be paid weekly instead of semi-monthly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, $1.04¾@$1.06¾. No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.00¼.
CORN—No. 2, 84½ @ 85.
OATS—Mixed, white 55½61.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 23 @ 26. State Dairy, 22 @ 24 @ 22.
CHEESE—State full cream, 13¼@14¼.
MILK—Per quart, 3¾ c.
EGGS—State and nearby fancy, 35@37; do., good to choice, 28@34 western firsts, 26@27.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $3.00@$4.50.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 7@10½.
CALVES—City Dressed, 8@14½.
HOGS—Live Per 100 lbs., $8.25@$7.00.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., 80c.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80
LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 15c.; Turkeys per lb., 14c.; Ducks per lb., 12@13c.; Fowls per lb., 15c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 14@21.; Fowls per lb., 11@15c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 20@24.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Jersey, per sack, $1.65@$2.00.
ONIONS—White, per basket, 75@1.25.

A SPIDER'S ENGINEERING

Its Wonderful Ability in Lifting Heavy Bodies.

IS THE CARPENTER BEE

Has Been Known to Lift a Snake Which Weighed Ninety-six Times as Much as Its Captor—Feats That Require Instinct Which Amounts to Engineering Skill.

Recently, in the village of Havana, in New York State, an insignificant looking little garden spider pounced upon a milk snake, bit it, entangled it in her threads and actually hoisted it off the ground. The fact that the snake weighed ninety-six times as much as its captor makes this achievement a remarkable one.

Several years ago a paragraph went the rounds of the newspapers in which it was said that a spider had caught and suspended an unfortunate mouse, raising it nearly a foot from the ground and leaving it there to slowly starve to death

Learned scientists said it was impossible for such a tiny insect as a spider to possess strength enough to lift a comparatively enormous animal like a mouse. It would be as easy to believe a man could lift an elephant.

Since then the little spider has been made the subject of a most interesting investigation, in which it has been found that in physical culture, jiu-jitsu and other sciences affiliated with muscular development the spider knows a great deal more than we do.

By lifting the snake off the ground at Havana the spider did something which, in comparison, the strongest man on earth would find impossible—unless he knew as much as the spider.

Notwithstanding its strength, the spider's thread alone would be useless as a mechanical power if it were not for his elasticity. The spider has no blocks or pulleys, and therefore it cannot cause the thread to divide up and run in different directions, but the elasticity of the thread more than makes up for this, and renders possible the lifting of an animal much heavier than a snake or a mouse. This may require a little explanation.

Let us suppose that a child can lift a six-pound weight one-foot high, and do this twenty times a minute, furnish him with 350 rubber bands, each capable of pulling six pounds through one foot when stretched. Let these bands be attached to a wooden platform on which stands a pair of horses weighing 2,100 pounds, or rather more than a ton. If now the child will go to work and stretch these rubber bands, single, hooking eac hone up, as it is stretched, in less than twenty minutes he will have raised the pair of horses one foot

We thus see that the elasticity of the rubber bands enables the child to divide the weight of the horses in. to 350 pieces of six pounds each, and at the rate of a little less than one every three seconds, he lifts all these separate pieces one foot, so that the child easily lifts this enormous weight.

Each spider's thread acts like one of the elastic rubber bands. Let us suppose that the mouse weighed half an ounce, and that each thread is capable of supporting a grain and a half. The spider would have to connect the mouse with the point from which it was to be suspended with 150 threads, and if the little quadruped was once swung off his feet he would be powerless. By pulling successively on each thread and shortening it a little, the mouse or snake might be raised to any height within the capacity of the building or structure in which the work was done.

Just what object the spider could have had for catching the snake and lifting it off the ground it is difficult to see. It may have been a dread of the harm which the mouse or snake might work, or it may have been a hope that after the captured animals had starved to death the decaying carcasses would attract flies which would furnish food for the engineer.

In a most instructive and interesting volume on "Insect Literature," by Rennie, a tribute is paid to the wonderful engineering ability displayed by the little spider and other insects.

Long before man had thought of the saw, the saw-fly had used the same tool, made after the same fashion and used in the same way for the purpose of making slits in the branches of trees so that she may have a secure place in which to deposit her eggs.

The carpenter bee with only the tools which nature has given her, cuts a round hole the full diameter of her body, through thick boards, and so makes a tunnel by which she can have a safe retreat in which to rear her young.

The tumblebug, without derrick or machinery, rolls over large masses of dirt many times her own weight and the sexton beetle, in a few hours bury beneath the ground the carcass of a comparatively large animal. All these feats require a degree of instinct which in a reasonable creature would be called engineering skill.—[illegible]

Nursing Mothers and Over-burdened Women

In all stations of life, whose vigor and vitality may have been undermined and broken-down by over-work, exacting social duties, the too frequent bearing of children, or other causes, will find in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the most potent, invigorating restorative strength-giver ever devised for their special benefit. Nursing mothers will find it especially valuable in sustaining their strength and promoting an abundant nourishment for the child. Expectant mothers too will find it a priceless boon to prepare the system for baby's coming and rendering the ordeal comparatively painless. It can do no harm in any state, or condition of the female system.

Delicate, nervous, weak women, who suffer from frequent headaches, backache, dragging-down distress low down in the abdomen, or from painful or irregular monthly periods, gnawing or distressed sensation in stomach, dizzy or faint spells, see imaginary specks or spots floating before eyes, have disagreeable, pelvic catarrhal drain, prolapsus, anteversion or retro-version or other displacements of womanly organs from weakness of parts will, whether they experience many or only a few of the above symptoms, find relief and a permanent cure by using faithfully and fairly persistently Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This world-famed specific for woman's weaknesses and peculiar ailments is a pure glyceric extract of the choicest native, medicinal roots without a drop of alcohol in its make-up. All its ingredients printed in plain English on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. Dr. Pierce thus invites the fullest investigation of his formula knowing that it will be found to contain only the best agents known to the most advanced medical science of all the different schools of practice for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments.

If you want to know more about the composition and professional endorsement of the "Favorite Prescription," send postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for his *free* booklet treating of same.

You can't afford to accept as a substitute for this remedy *of known composition* a secret nostrum *of unknown composition*. Don't do it.

FRENCHMEN EAT ODD FISH.

One Kind That is Much in Demand Is a Species of Octopus.

If the traveler approaches Marseilles by water he will be rewarded by a novel pageant of fisherfolk, gamins who have rowed out and are on the lookout for coins, and a stretch of ocean liners representing every port in the world floating peacefully in the foreground, while high above all, like a silhouette against the sky, rises the statue of Notre Dame de la Garde, the sailors' patron and the chief landmark of the city. The entire population of Marseilles seems to be occupied in either buying or selling fish. The wonder of it is, says Leslie's Weekly, that when anybody apparently might catch all the fish that he wants—for the city centers right around the harbor—the markets, which in the morning are piled high with every variety of sea food, are in a few hours depleated of stock, although there is no canning or preserving establishment to use up the supply. And these markets are scattered about in all parts of the city, and are quite independent of the street sellers with their accompanying baskets.

The most curious edible fish in the world are to be found here for sale. Fish which it would seem from their color and oddity should be relegated to the aquarium are used as foods. A species of octopus with its long tentacles is one of the most popular, and, strange to say, the hideous-looking arms are the most delicate and the most valued part. Huge crabs, known best in either Havana or in the cities along the Pacific coast are also here in quantity. Sea slugs, several varieties of scallops, and other shellfish not generally eaten in America, although they are found in some parts, are on display, and they seem to be much in demand. The Mediterranean fish are more brilliant in color and differ in many other respects from the fish of the Atlantic. Their flavor is undoubtedly influenced by the deposit of salt in the water, which in the Mediterranean is 7 per cent, while it is only 2 per cent. in the Atlantic.

The Air-brake.

The air-brake was ushered into actual use in the most dramatic fashion. The trial trip occurred in April, 1869. The train selected was the Steubenville accommodation running between Pittsburg and Steubenville O.

When the train was going at full speed, suddenly as it came around a sharp curve the engineer saw a stalled wagon in the middle of the track, dead ahead. With only hand brakes nothing could have prevented a terrible smashup. The formal time for the trial of the air-brake had not come, but the brake was there, and in desperation, not believing for a minute that the thing could avail, the engineer threw o nthe air. But it did avail.

The observers in the rear were almost catapulted out of their seats by the shock of the sudden stop. But when they saw the engine fairly poking its nose into the wagon bed, so narrow had been the margin between safety and disaster, they forgot all about their shock and stood in awed silence. The air-brake had come into its own.

Maroon.

The word "maroon" is from the verb "maroon," to "set a person on an inhospitable shore and leave him there," a practice that was common among the pirates of the Spanish Main. The word is a corruption of "Cimarron," meaning anything unruly, whether man or beast

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1908.

EXTRACTS FROM SPEECHES OF HON. JOHN G. McHENRY DELIVERED IN CONGRESS.

From McHenry's Federal Guarantee of Bank Deposits Speech, May 14, 1908.

The application of the proposed law would work with automatic and scientific precision, and if losses have been sustained to the extent of impairing the surplus and capital of a bank, the Comptroller has it in his power to remove the cause and, instead of closing the doors, the bank goes on doing business. There never yet has been a bank failure within the limit of my observation or knowledge but where the cause of the failure being removed, the business reorganized, public confidence restored, the bank has invariably recovered its losses and continued as a dividend-paying proposition to its stockholders.

From McHenry's Federal Guarantee of Bank Deposits Speech, May 14, 1908.

The great question of the present and of the future is not one of Democracy or of Republicanism, but whether our 85,000,000 people, representing 85,000,000 working, thinking, earning units, creating by their labor all the wealth of the country, shall be masters of their own destinies and their own Government, or whether they shall be the slaves of the "Wall street" interests. There can be no disguising the fact that the fight is now on between the people and Wall street. The political party which stands for the people will live. The party which stands for Wall street will die, for the people have so decreed.

From McHenry's Federal Guarantee of Bank Deposits Speech, May 14, 1908.

To this I shall answer that you must not forget that all laws come from the people. For a time the politician representing corporate interests can thwart the peoples' wishes, but in the end in this American form of government which stands as the greatest human government in the world to-day, the people will rule.

From McHenry's Taxation Speech, May 26, 1908.

The Constitution of the United States guarantees to all men equal security in life and property, and under our system of law if a man finds a body of mineral or a deposit of oil and complies with the laws of the State in acquiring possession it lawfully becomes his property, regardless of what may have been the intention of the divine law of the Creator.

Thus far we have no desire nor right to interfere with the constitutional rights of the individual miner or oil well owner, so long as he proceeds and continues to operate by his own energy or by the use of his own capital in the employment of other physical energy than his own. But when, in addition to absorbing all this wealth to himself, he asks for and uses public money, then it becomes the legitimate functions of government to assume such degree of supervision as shall insure to the greatest degree, the public good.

In the collection of this tax which I propose, it becomes in a way an insurance to the people against the ultimate destruction of this source of natural and national wealth, which by every reason of moral equity rightfully belongs to all the people. In time the mineral wealth of the country will be entirely exhausted for the minerals of the earth cannot be replenished like our forests and the renewal of fertility of our fields. Hence it becomes the duty of Congress to both conserve our mineral wealth and the individual wealth of our citizens, for when this value is once destroyed the struggle for existence on the part of the wage-earner will be still more fierce than it is to-day, and the conservation of our national resources is the interest of our whole people a duty so plain that all can understand it. Aside, however, from the natural losses to the people there is a permanent source of artificial loss through the modern methods of capitalizing mining and oil-well corporations.

From McHenry's Taxation Speech, May 26, 1908.

Perhaps one of the greatest economic losses to the American people may be found in the losses due to unwise investment, and in the item we find the mining and oil company stocks to be the most prolific of evil results.

It may safely be said that there is not a town or village so remote in the United States as to escape the wiles of the mining-stock promoter. This is due both to the ignorance of the investors and the utter laxity of our laws. The education of the investor is a matter of time and most costly to him. But that there can and should be remedial legislation for the protection of the innocent investor as against misrepresentation and dishonest management, I think we are all agreed.

I believe that the Creator placed the mineral wealth in the bowels of the earth for the benefit of all the people and not for the exclusive benefit of a few.

There are three natural sources of productive wealth from which all the wealth of the nation has came and must continue to come, viz:

Mineral and oil deposits.
Forests.
Farm products.

One of these great financial interests of the country have formed mighty corporations for the purpose of controlling the output of the forests and mines and then regulating prices to suit their needs.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

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Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LOW TRAITS OF THE LION.

Frequently Lives for Days on Such Plebian Food as Rats.

The "king of beasts," declares a writer upon the lions of Africa, is an unmitigated nuisance. The stock-owner loathes him for the havoc he causes among the herds. There is no security against him. He is always travelling. A pair of lions may find a spot where game is easily obtainable, and make a considerable stay there, but their real home is the whole veld. If the lion slew only as much as he could eat, he would be less hateful; but he will often kill four or five oxen and content himself with devouring only the entrails of one.

He is a low, crafty brute, one that takes no risks, for, unlike the leopard, he will never leap a wall unless he can see what is on the other side. A paper fence would keep him away from a herd of cattle provided they did not break out through terror of his growling and his smell. The lion's roar is the subject of another fiction; not that he is not capable of making the most terrible, awe-inspiring sound emitted by any living thing, but because when he is roaring he is harmless. It is the lion which keeps quiet that is to be feared, for as a rule, the male and female work in couples, and the one that makes the noise is merely driving the game down the wind to the silent partner.

In a single respect only—on the score of strength—does the lion deserve his name of "king of beasts." He can drag a large bullock over rough ground with the greatest ease; he can carry a mule on his back after hoisting it there by some strange sideways jerk of his head; he can leap a five-foot fence with a full-sized donkey gripped in his mouth. Otherwise, speaking from a seven years' experience in the lion country, I have no hesitation in describing the king of beasts as a fraud, at least so far as his alleged nobility is concerned.

His regal attributes lose some of their glamor when one learns that the so-called monarch frequently lives for days at a time on such plebian food as field rats; and the vision of the kingly creature sitting patiently on a flat rock waiting for the rats to come out from underneath is a rather unheroic one.

NEW THINGS IN NATURE.

Found by a Collector in the Desert and Mountains of Arizona.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Remarkable discoveries of new species of insects, reptiles and bivalves have been made by Virgil W. Owen, clerk of the United States District Court here, in the desert and mountains of Cochise County, Ariz. He returned with a collection of 7,000 specimens. Some of his moths and butterflies are valued at $50 a pair. Many of his specimens are unknown to etomologists and are destined for the Smithsonian Institution.

One of the snakes secured is new to scientists, only one specimen having ever before been found and that minus head and tail. Owen's snake is about seven inches long, has gray ground marked with Vandike brown spots and is valued at $1,000.

In mountain streams 6,000 feet above the sea level the collector found small but perfect abalone. Another discovery in the same pool was a number of mature class. They have been found as fossils in the rocks of the Middle West.

Owen also brought seven tortoises, one of which is a new specimen, and three rare born toads.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Life Hung on a Thread.

[Original.]

A good many years ago, when Indian fighting was the chief occupation of our then diminutive army, I was serving in the —th cavalry at a western post. We had a man in the ranks who had been brought up by refined and wealthy parents, but who was a perfect devil. Egbert Carrol was the name he enlisted under, and I believe it was his real name. The only trouble with him was that he was too full of fight. One would suppose that a soldier can't have too much fight in him, and so he can't when there is an enemy to contend with, but when there isn't he is liable to turn upon his friends. Carrol was in Captain Cavanagh's company, a man full of Irish blood, and that means full of Irish fight. We called him the "black god of war." The result was that when Carrol committed some slight indiscretion his captain, to speak figuratively, "put the screws on." This made Carrol rebellious, with the result of more discipline, till at last he mutinied and struck his captain. He was put in the guardhouse to await trial, but one dark night he escaped and disappeared.

It was not long after this that we had a brush with the Indians. We were getting the better of them when one of their number led them on a savage charge which for a time broke through our lines. I never saw such savage Indian fighting under so savage a leader. It was only a question of time with them, however, for we outnumbered them and were better armed and equipped. We took a lot of prisoners, among them their leader. Who should he be but Egbert Carrol!

Of course there was but one fate for him. A court martial was convened; he was tried and sentenced to be shot. The proceedings were forwarded to Washington, where they were approved by the president. The day having been fixed, there was nothing to do but wait for it to come round and carry out the sentence. But there was some sympathy for the condemned man. First, the commandant of the post believed there was not only stuff in him for a soldier, but a leader, which had been turned away by his captain, who had never learned to control himself, to say nothing of controlling others. Then the women of the post all took to him because he was a gentleman born. The men of his company partially excused him because many of them had suffered as he had from their captain's ungovernable temper. Lastly and most important, his family interested themselves to secure a pardon.

One day the colonel commanding a post some 200 miles eastward of the one where Carrol was held a prisoner received an order reprieving the renegade. Selecting a good rider, the colonel gave him the president's order and told him to ride with it posthaste. But in the army there are many officers who would scorn to communicate the contents of an order to a private. The colonel was one of these. He sent his messenger away without any knowledge that a life hung on its prompt delivery. Two days after the messenger departed he returned to the man who sent him, confessing that he had stopped by the way to drink with some soldiers and had lost the order. He had returned for a duplicate.

The colonel blanched. "You scoundrel!" he roared. "You carried Carrol's reprieve. No power can repair the damage you have done. Before another message can be sent he will have been executed."

Now, it happened that I had been sent with a party to relieve the garrison of the station where the messenger had stopped, and it was with some of our men that the messenger drank and lost his order. He did not miss it till he had left the station and ridden some distance. Then he returned, hunted high and low for it and, not finding it, returned for its duplicate.

The day after the loss of the order I went to inspect a gang of men who were doing some work I was in charge of. While walking along the road I saw a dog chasing a bit of white paper which the breeze whirled before him. As the paper was blown past me I picked it up, held it over the dog and let it go again in the wind. The dog caught it and brought it to me for more play. It was then that I saw the word "Washington" printed on it. I read it and knew that it was Carrol's reprieve.

Within ten minutes I was mounted on the best horse at the station and riding to save a life. So much time had been lost in its transmission that I knew it was an even chance whether I arrived in time or not. I rode my horse to a finish in a few hours, secured another, exhausted him in about the same time and repeated the process as often as I could find horses.

I knew the day that Carrol was to be executed, but not the hour. It is singular that a soldier will drive the men under him up to be shot down unmercifully, but when under other circumstances one life is dependent on his efforts he will labor under a frightful burden.

At last I came in sight of the flag waving over the tops of some trees several miles in advance of me. Then every minute I dreaded lest I hear a volley. My horse was exhausted, and I feared every moment he would drop under me. He did so when within a quarter of a mile of the post. I ran on, waving the order above my head. A sentry saw it, guessed what it was and must have called out to those below, for I heard a cheer. Then I knew I was in time.

Carrol was killed during the civil war, having gained the reputation of being one of the daredevils of the Union army.

F. TOWNSEND SMITH.

"LET THE PEOPLE RULE"

APPEAL TO DEMOCRATS

for Bryan and Kern Campaign Fund, from the Democratic National Committee.

To Geo. E. Elwell, Editor of the COLUMBIAN.

There are no secrets in this Campaign. Strictly *practicing what he preaches*, Mr. Bryan will not win victory with tainted money paying the election expenses.

Not a dollar is to be accepted which requires any promise, either express or implied, other than for HONEST, IMPARTIAL GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Bryan will enter the White House *absolutely free* from entangling alliances, free to serve all classes of honest citizens alike, or he will not enter at all.

Hence the course is plain. The campaign of Bryan and Kern must be conducted by the people.

The people must pay the necessary campaign expenses if they want public servants who will serve their interests.

Special interests and favored classes, having secured "SWOLLEN FORTUNES" by purchasing favors in the past with MILLIONS CONTRIBUTED TO CONTROL ELECTIONS, stand ready to give MILLIONS MORE FOR CONTINUED FAVORS. But that class never gives a dollar unless it buys a pledge.

Mr. Bryan says, from March 4th, 1909, "LET THE PEOPLE RULE."

This can come only if the people pay their own bills, and control their own elections.

"BEWARE OF THE TRUSTS 'BEARING GIFTS.'"

That policy of the favored few buying a mortgage on the Government meant that the Candidate for President knew a few people only in an entire State.

Bryan says, "We will take the cause of PEOPLE'S RULE home to the people and will know people in every county."

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Your paper reaches the fireside of the patriot who loves his country for his country's GOOD; as distinguished from the greedy possessor of swollen fortunes who loves his country *only* for his country's GOODS.

Asking every one who favors Government by the people to pay you, at once, as many dollars as he can spare to aid the Campaign for BRYAN, KERN AND PEOPLE'S RULE. You forward these gifts of honest hearts and home every two weeks to the Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, with the name of each contributor and amounts given. The Treasurer will forward you a certificate for each one, asking you to deliver these certificates.

Once more, you should be a part of the Great Organization bearing the Lamp of Light to every nook and corner of Free America.

Our Country is for the People; its Government must be by the People.

Sincerely,
NORMAN E. MACK,
Chairman Democratic National Com.
M. C. WETMORE,
Chairman Finance Committee.
C. N. HASKELL,
Treasurer.

SEND IN YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS.

In accordance with the above the COLUMBIAN will receive subscriptions to the Democratic National Campaign Fund and urges all loyal Democrats to send in their contributions. The COLUMBIAN will transmit them weekly to Gov. C. N. Haskell, treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, who will issue to each contributor a beautifully executed acknowledgment printed in three colors as a sovenir of their devotion to the cause of Democracy and the principles of Government by the People.

When sending in your contribution money use the accompanying remittance blank, and, unless otherwise requested, your name will be printed in THE COLUMBIAN together with the amount given.

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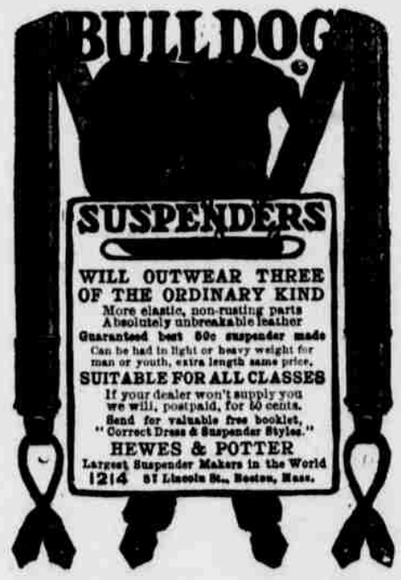
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